INSIST UPON HAVING
MILKMAID
BRAND
CONDENSED MILK
"Largest Sale in the World"

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,353—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1898.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VISITORS TO THE OLD COUNTRY.
SOUTH KENSINGTON HOTEL
(Under Royal Patronage.)
Contains over 200 Apartments, Furnished with all Modern Luxury. Two Minutes from the Park, Kensington Gardens, Imperial Institute, and in the midst of the Fashionable Quarter.
Moderate Tariff.
QUEEN'S GATE TERRACE, LONDON, S.W.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
† CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	9th July.
B.M.L. EGYPT	6000	R. F. Briscoe	16th "
† BENGAL	4656	L. Wilmer	23rd "
B.M.L. ARABIA	6000	J. L. Parfitt	30th "
† CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	6th Aug.
*M.L. SHANNON	4362	F. Cole	13th "
† BENGAL	4656	L. Wilmer	20th "
B.M.L. CALEDONIA	7598	W. B. Andrews	27th "
† CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	3rd Sept.
*M.L. CARTHAGE	3287	C. Gadd	10th "
† BENGAL	4656	L. Wilmer	17th "
*M.L. EGYPT	6000	R. F. Briscoe	24th "

The Steamers marked B.M.L. proceed to BRINDISI, MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON.

The steamers marked *M.L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the Ballard Pier before 9 A.M. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at NOON on the day of sailing, to convoy Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 1st July, 1898.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on Tuesday.
AMPHITRITE	G. Castanzo	3,320	1st Aug. 1898.
IMPERATOR	G. Nicolich	4,139	1st Sept. 1898.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, or VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI, on the 4th of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	G. Wallusching	4,499	15th July 1898.
VENDOBONA	C. Bellen	4,351	12th Aug. 1898.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 20th of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs 980	Rs. 675
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs 1060	Rs 625

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste thro 1st, Gothard's, and other Routes.

In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Town of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c. called at by their vessels.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE "MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO."

THE Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares. This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on 3 months' privilege leave.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA, KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To Sail on or about
GISELA	L Breiich	4,220	21st July

Connecting at COLOMBO with the S. S. AGLAIA to MADRAS and CALCUTTA on the Outward and Homeward voyage.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. BACHRACH,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, July 1st, 1898.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

FOUR WEEKLY DEPARTURE.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT

VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday.
CALEDONIEN	4,222	Durrando	2nd Aug. 1898.
MELBOURNE	4,080	Duchateau	30th Aug. 1898.
SALAZIE	4,255	X	27th Sep., 1898.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on or about the
INDUS	6,000	Vaquier	28th July.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.

Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,

BANKERS & AGENTS,

BOMBAY—8, Hornby Road.
CALCUTTA—8-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200 without charge for Commission, and Interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, at interest to be learned on application.

PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected FREE of COMMISSION, and without Life Certificates.

Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.

TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.

ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purpose registered FREE.

VOLUMINOUS Private CODE, minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.

STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody and interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

MONIES Cabled and paid same day. Cost of Message about Rs. 3, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.

Full information promptly given and Hand books sent free on application.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

REDUCED RATES to Railway employes, Family Parties and Missionaries.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.

REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.

LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE policies issued.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied. CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed, when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000

DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.

Hand book of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Esplanade Road.

CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,192 tons, on the 15th July, 1895, at 2 p. m., or later, on arrival of English Mail.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 12th July at 10 a. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, at 10 a. m., on the 14th July, calling at Karrachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bushire, Fao, Mohomra and Bussrah, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 14th July, 1898.

FOR ZANZIBAR AND DELAGOABAY.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,961 tons, on or about 29th July, calling at Seychelles, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoabay and Mozambique in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,729 tons, on or about 19th July, calling at Karachi, Mombasa and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHYEBASSA," 2,663 tons, on or about 9th July, 1898.

FOR RANGOON DIRECT.

S. S. "CULNA," 2,026 tons, on or about 11th July.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOLD FIELDS.

PASSENGERS and Cargo booked through from Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, or Rangoon via Singapore for all ports adjacent to the various Gold Fields, Fortnightly departures from Singapore.

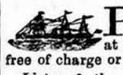
For further particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 8th July, 1898.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,

CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

S. S. "IDZUMI MARU," Capt. R. NUNOME, 3,221 Tons, will sail for TUTICORIN, SINGAPORE, CHINA and JAPAN, on or about the 11th instant.

For freight and passage apply to

T. TAKAYANAGI, Manager.

Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 4th July, 1898.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA.

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without change and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.

SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked on terms of existing concessions.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.

LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent couch; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"Routh Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1893.

"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenge is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,

"A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. and L.M. Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. and L.M. Edinburgh."

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"IT IS NEARLY 30 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis; one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION NO. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-ed remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION NO. 2, for impurity of the blood, scurvy pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints, secondary symptoms, disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, etc., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION NO. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, or residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses marvellous power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. per package of all the principal Chemists and Merchants from whom the purchaser should

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MILKMAID BRAND CONDENSED MILK.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per Doz	Rs. 5 8	Rs. 6 2

IDEAL MILK.

A Condensed Milk without Sugar.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per Doz	Rs. 5 8	Rs. 6 2

TREACHER AND CO., LD.

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

On 1st August PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., will transfer their FORT BUSINESS to new and commodious premises in the "ORIENTAL BUILDINGS" (OPPOSITE FLORAL FOUNTAIN),

and on the same date the HEAD OFFICES of the Company will be TRANSFERRED from Byculla to the NEW FORT PREMISES.

The Retail Business of the BYCULLA BRANCH will be carried on at Byculla as hitherto.

THOS. STEPHENSON, Actg. General Manager.

July 1st, 1898.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,

GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.

OLDEST ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15), Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale, or for treatment including Syce per mensem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

CRUSHED FOOD, OATS, BRAN, &c., Supplied.

APPLY EARLY!!!

A Beautifully Colored 14 × 10

PORTRAIT

OF

H. M. THE QUEEN-EMPRESS

will be given away GRATIS to every purchaser of a Bottle of any one of

JAMES WATSON & CO.'S

Glenlivet, Glenlivet × × ×, A I Club

WHISKEY

By all Wine Merchants.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Those who desire the Best and Cheapest Assurance obtainable in India should effect a Policy with the ORIENTAL

UNDER THE NEW "ENGLISH PREMIUM" SYSTEM.

THE FUNDS

have more than Doubled

DURING 5 YEARS

and now exceed

Rs. 1,30,00,000.

As the Expenses of Management of the Oriental are lower than those of any other Company of the same age, it can afford to grant POLICIES with Exceptionable Benefits,

Economy, Moderate Premiums,
Immediate Settlement of Claims,
Liberal Surrender Values and
Unquestionable Security.

Particulars and Forms may be obtained from

R. PATERSON BROWN, Acting Manager,

BOMBAY.

MENIST'S SPECTACLES. MARCKS & CO.'S SPECTACLES.

WE beg to bring to the notice of the SPECTACLE wearing community, our following revised PRICE LIST:—

Menist's Spectacles.	Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Steel. Rs.
With Turnpin Sides	60	23	16
With Single temple Sides	50	24	18
Solders	50	23	18

Spectacles and Folders as above but fitted with Marcks and Co.'s Pebbles, Rs. 5 reduction on Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 reduction on Steel. The new Gold and Steel "Movilette" Frames, fitted with Menist's or Marcks' Pebbles, prices as above.

All the newest patterns in Frames always in Stock. REPAIRS EXECUTED by the most EXPERIENCED WORKMEN at reasonable rates. OCULISTS PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED.

SPECIAL.

Our celebrated VIOLET TINTED, SUN, GLARE and DUST GLASSES are invaluable to people who suffer from the extreme glare of a tropical climate. May be purchased in either Steel, Nickel, Silver or Gold Frames. Japanese cane, nickel gauze cane, Silk cane with folding sides, Riders and Globules Stirrups with folding sides.

& CO., LD., AND POONA.

SUTTON'S VEGETABLE & FLOWER SEEDS.

SEASON, 1898.

A Tin of Flower Seeds, containing 16 packets, including the following varieties:—

				Cash.	Credit.
Sweet Peas.	Portulaca.	Marigold.	Candytuft.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Mignonette.	Balsam.	Antirrhinum.	Aster.	5 8	6 2
Nasturtium.	Stocks.	Convolvulus.	Nemophila, &c.		

A Tin of Flower Seeds, containing 22 packets, including the following varieties:—

Sweet Peas.	Balsam.	Convolvulus.	Dianthus.	8 0 9 0
Mignonette.	Zinnia.	Candytuft.	Larkspur.	
Nasturtium.	Poppy.	Aster.	Stock.	
Nemophila.	Sweet William.	Phlox Drummond.	Marigold.	

A Tin of Vegetable Seeds, containing 20 packets, including the following varieties:—

Beans.	Cauliflower.	Kohl Rabi.	Peas, 3 sorts.	5 8 6 2
Beet.	Cress.	Mustard.	Radish, 2 sorts.	
Brocoli.	Carrot.	Onion.	Savoy.	
Cabbage.	Lettuce.	Parsley.	Turnip.	
Cucumber.				

A Tin of Vegetable Seeds, containing 40 packets, including the following varieties:—

Beans.	Cress.	Kohl Rabi.	Peas.	10 8 11 12
Beet.	Carrot.	Leek, Onion.	Radish.	
Borecole.	Cauliflower.	Lettuce.	Spinach.	
Brocoli.	Celery.	Mustard.	Turnip.	
Cabbage.	Cucumber.	Parsley.	V. Marrow, &c.	
Cabbage Savoy.				

SPECIAL NOTE.—The Seeds being specially packed, from knowledge gained in previous Seasons, by a process which preserves unimpaired the power of germination and prevent disappointment.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Established in 1714. Accumulated Funds, £2,932,697 Stg.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital fully subscribed.....£2,127,500 Stg.
Total Security to Policy-holders .....£3,000,694 Stg.

SUN INSURANCE OFFICE.

The Oldest Fire Office in the World, Founded 1710.
Total Sum Insured in 1896 .....£388,950,000 Stg.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1720. Fire Prem. in 1896, £397,097 Stg.

SOUTH BRITISH INSURANCE CO. OF NEW ZEALAND

Authorized Capital.....£1,900,000 Stg.
Claims paid to date.....£2,725,000 Stg.

RELIANCE MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

Capital fully subscribed, £500,000 Stg. Reserve Fund, £100,000 Stg.

As Agents of the above-named Companies, we are prepared to Accept Risks, Fire, and Marine, at Current Rates.

GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,

1, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BRITISH EMPIRE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.,

To which has been transferred the business of

THE POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.

ASSETS.....£2,470,000 PREMIUM AND INTEREST INCOME.....£370,000

Military and Naval Lives Assured on advantageous Terms.

Temperance Section for Europeans.
Special Bonus in the Temperance Section.
Native and European Lives Assured at uniform Rates.
Volunteers' Risks at ordinary rates without extra charge.
Six per cent. Investment Policies.
Whole Life and Endowment Assurances.

AGENTS for the Bombay Presidency:—

LATHAM & Co., Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

LATEST MEDALS FOR EXCELLENCE AND PURITY.

GOLD MEDAL EMPIRE OF INDIA EXHIBITION OF 1895.
GOLD MEDAL EMPIRE OF INDIA EXHIBITION OF 1896.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND OF

INDIAN CIGARS.

UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.

THE NEAREST APPROACH TO A GENUINE HAVANNA.

BAHADURS No. 1.	BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 3.
BAHADURS No. 2.	BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 4.
BAHADURS No. 3.	BAHADUR REGALIAS
BAHADURS No. 4.	BAHADUR PRINCESSAS
BAHADUR "Specials" No. 1.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 1.
BAHADUR "Specials" No. 2.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 2.
BAHADUR "Specials" No. 3.	BAHADUR EXCELSIORS
BAHADUR "Specials" No. 4.	BAHADUR MANILLAS No. 1.
BAHADUR "Bouquets" No. 1.	BAHADUR MANILLAS No. 2.
BAHADUR "Bouquets" No. 2.	BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS.

BAHADUR REEDS.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS, BAHADUR CIGARS,

McDOWELL AND CO.,

MADRAS.

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE, FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND [illegible]

WIESBADEN, GERMANY,

PENSION VILLA FRANK, ABEGGSTRASSE, 3.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS excellent Table, Baths, thermal and other. Horses stands on its own grounds. Within three minutes' walk of Kur. Inclusive terms moderate Prices. [illegible] Bombay Gazette" Bombay.

RICHARD LIPP & SOHN,

STUTTGART,

PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURERS UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF ALL THE ROYAL COURTS OF EUROPE.

RECIPIENTS OF GOLD MEDALS AND AWARDS AT ALL THE WORLD'S GREAT EXHIBITIONS.

ESTABLISHED OVER 65 YEARS.

The Square Pianofortes Manufactured by these popular manufacturers are well known in India and have for years past sold on their own merits. Of this manufacture we obtain regular shipments of the following style of Piano and which we can with confidence recommend as an instrument that will give entire satisfaction to the purchaser and de credit to our recommendation.

OVERSTRUNG SQUARE PIANOFORTE.

SPECIALLY CONSTRUCTED FOR THE CLIMATE OF INDIA.

On the American System. The casing is of natural polished American Walnut, and is screwed and brass bound. Has 7 octaves; Sympathetic or Overstrung Scale; American system of Dampers, and is constructed with a fine polished Iron Frame throughout.

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DURING 11 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1896.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1885	73,48,020	14,76,426	53,28,570
1896	1,58,50,446	39,09,890	2,07,07,563

It will thus be seen that in Eleven Years the Net Premium Income has nearly trebled whilst the Funds have almost quadrupled, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

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THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

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LIFE ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES AND FIDELITY INSURANCE GRANTED ON MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS.

FIRST YEAR'S BUSINESS

PROPOSALS EXCEED Rs. 19,00,000

ENDOWMENT NON-FORFEITED POLICY

FOR Rs. 3,000.

PAYABLE AT AGE 60 OR AT DEATH IF PREVIOUS, WITH PROFITS.

If, at any time, the assured under this plan should desire to cease paying any more premiums, he can obtain a paid-up Policy for such a proportion of the original sum assured as the number of premiums paid bears to the number agreed upon. Thus a gentleman who had assured at age 30 for a Policy of Rs. 3,000 payable at age 60 or at Death, if previous, after 5 years' payments, would be entitled to a Free paid-up Policy for Rs. 500 free of future payments.

MONTHLY PREMIUM.
At age 20, Rs. 6-9-0
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ALL Funds invested in GOVERNMENT and in other SECURITIES authorised by the Trust Act of 1882.
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Ninety per cent. of Profits to Participating Policyholders.
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Freedom from forfeiture through Suicide.
Volunteers are not charged extra premium while on active service.

The sum Assured is PAYABLE IN FULL should death occur even immediately after payment of the first premium.

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BATTLE SCENES.	By de Neuville.
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Remington Typewriter, Second-hand	200
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ESTATE BRIGADE SURGEON-LIEUTENANT COLONEL ARCHIBALD CAMERON, DECEASED.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42 ACT XXVII OF 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having CLAIMS against the late ARCHIBALD CAMERON, Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Indian Medical Service, who died in London, on the 1st August, 1856, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to PERCEVAL RICHARD WILSON, a Member of the Firm of Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co., of Bombay, are requested to send in the same within one month from this date to the said Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co., Bombay, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised, and all persons indebted to or holding any Securities or Property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said administrator, whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

P. R. WILSON,
Administrator to Estate.

Bombay, 6th July, 1898.

LIST of ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator-General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge :—

CUTHBERT ANTHONY FRASER, late District Superintendent of Police, Amraoti District.
EDULJEE JEHANGIRJEE DUBASH alias Parak, late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant.
MADHAORAO VISHNU FADKE, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
KATE VOKINS, late Lady Superintendent of H. H. the Maharani's Girls' School, Mysore.
KASHIBAI, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
MOTHABHOY GANPAT, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant.
DAVID CHRISTIE, late European Foreman in the employ of Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas, Bombay.
PANDURANG KARLO COLLOPO alias BISSUE, late of Goa, Hindu Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to make their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his Office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVETT-CARNAC,
Administrator General.

Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 9th July, 1898.

"One of the first things that is likely to attract attention in India."

A LITERARY HISTORY OF INDIA.

By R. W. FRAZER, LL. B.
Price Rs. 12.

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D. B. TARAPOREWALA, SONS & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS, BOMBAY.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
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Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1893 and 1895, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1893 and 1895, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
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RE "MONSOON EVENINGS."
A LADIES' SOCIAL EVENING

Will be held at "The CLUB ROOMS" APOLLO BUNDER,
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 9th inst., at 9 P.M.

SEASON TICKETS AVAILABLE.

Members Tickets (including Ladies).....Re. 1
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Gn. DEFRECE.....Messrs. Marcks and Co.
Gn. SAUNDERS.....Messrs. Treacher and Co.
Or at the Door.

The names of Ladies and Gentlemen who have kindly Volunteered their Services for SATURDAY EVENING can be seen in the Club Rooms.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 30th June last, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, and a bonus of 2 per cent. per annum, both free from Income Tax, will be payable on application on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, to registered Shareholders on 30th June, 1898.

By Order of the Board,
JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, July 7th, 1898.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 21st instant, to Thursday, the 4th proximo, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, July 7th, 1898.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank on THURSDAY, the 4th proximo, at 4 P.M., for the following objects :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts up to 30th ultimo.
2. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of Mr. F. C. Mason and Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, July 7th, 1898.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

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SALE OF A COLLECTION OF VALUABLE BOOKS OF THE LATE CHUGONLAL GOPALDAS.

By order of N. C. MacLeod, Esq., Receiver in Suit No. 478 of 1896, Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, vs. Kilibai alias Premcore, widow of Chugonlal Gopaldas, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, 11th instant, at 2 p.m., at their Sale Rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, a collection of valuable books in English, Gujrati, Marathi, Sanskrit, Hindi, etc.

Catalogues are published and the Books are on view.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 9th July, 1898.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £230,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Eiya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Deposits fixed for 1 year at 5 per cent Interest, and for shorter periods, at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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RESERVE FUND.....£450,000
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The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credit; and undertake general banking business

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FIVE PER CENT. per Annum. Rates for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

T. FRASER,
Acting Agent.

Bombay Agency, Elphinstone Circle.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	Yens 12,000,000
PAID UP CAPIAL.....	" 9,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....	" 6,660,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

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Hornby Road.

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WITH PORTRAIT OF HIS HIGHNESS AGA KHAN,
THE HEAD OF THE KHOJA COMMUNITY.

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THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1898 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and details the progress made by the City in recent years. It contains

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In addition to recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay, the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the public buildings of the City, including those which have been completed during the year.

Bombay Gazette Offices,
No. 29, Church Gate Street, Fort.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

PRIZES ! PRIZES ! JUST ARRIVED.—We have now in Stock a large selection of Cabinet goods, suitable for prizes, &c., of every description. Cigar and Cigarette Cabinets, Monsoon Cigar Cases, Tantalus Frames for Scents or Spirits, cases of Games, &c., &c.—MARCKS & Co., Ltd Bombay and Poona.

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JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld., Ivory specially selected, seasoned in India, and converted into superior BILLIARD BALLS by experts in our own Factory. If bought during the monsoons, they are more reliable more lasting, and give greater satisfaction. Price list free.

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Rs. 1-4, 1-2, 1-0, 0-12, also in 1-4 and 1-2 lb. lead packets.

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1-4 lb. tin 5 as., 1-2 lb. tin 9 as., 1 lb. tin Re. 1

HANDSOME DISCOUNT TO MERCHANTS.

Prices of loose tea-chests and whole coffee on application.

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And a Lecture by

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Napier Chromotic		2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.
Napier Foundry		1,000	100	200	...
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance		5,000	200	5	12 pr. ct.
Phillips & Co., Ld.		4,000	100	100	dvd Rs
Port Cannin, Co.		6,000	000	1,000	dvd Rs20
Sonnay & Co.		1,00	100	100	8
Tronoor & Co.		2,000	500	500	60
Tracker & Co.		1,50	100	100	
Telephone Co.		9,224	251	100	dvd Rs11

PRICES OF BULLION

Sovereigns	Rs. 15-4-0
Carolus	„ „
Mexican Dollars	„ „
Gold Five-Franc Pieces	„ „
Bar Silver	70-10 rdy. ; Rs. 70-8 fd.
Gold Leaf	24-62
Bar Gold, English (800 touch)	24-6-6
Bar Australian	24-5
Bar Bombay	24-5
Bar Pekin	29

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Three and-a-half per cent Reduced	93 3-4
Three and-a-half per cent 1863	71
Municipal 5 per cent, Debenture Loans	119
New French Loan 5 per cent, 1872	
City of Paris Loan per cent. Port Trust Bond	102

EXCHANGE

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand		1s. 3 23-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic		1s. 3 23-32d.
Do. do.	4 Months sight		1s. 3 3-4d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 3 25-32d.
Do. do.	8 Do.	do.	1s. 3 27-32d.
Do. Documentary	4 Do.	do.	1s. 3 7-8d.
Do. do	6 Do.	do.	1s. 3 31-32d.
Do. Credits	3 Do.	do.	1s. 3 27-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do.	1s. 3 15-16d.
Francs	3 Do.	do.	1 03 3-4
Do.	4 Do.	do.	
Calcutta	At sight		100 1-16
Do.	30 days	do.	
Madras	At sight		
Do.	30 days	do.	
China	30 days	do.	143 & 151

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 29m. Sun sets, 6h. 40m. High water, 3-10 m., 3-9a. Low water, 8-40m., 9-55a.

P. and O. s.s. Bengal, with English mails of 24th ult., due to arrive at daylight.

B. V. A., Ladies' social evening, Club rooms, Apollo Bunder, 9 p.m.

Music on the Esplanade, 5-45 p.m.

CRICKET.

Gymkhana vs. Marine Battalion, 1-30 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h. 29m. Sun sets, 6h. 40m. High water, 4-9m. 4-3a. Low water, 9-38m., 10-51a.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Mayfield entered, and the steamers Kirkhill, Irana, and Clan Macrae left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamers Clyde and Dwarka left the dock yesterday.

NATIVE GENERAL LIBRARY.—The second annual Parsi Jasan festival will be held to-day, at 4-30 p.m., in the Alibless Bagh.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abas, Gwader, and Lingas, per extra s. s. Rajputana, will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 p.m., to-day.

BURGLARY AT NAGDAVI STREET.—Ahmed Mahomed, a salt merchant, residing at Nagdavi Road, reported to the police, on Thursday morning, that some time during the previous night, while he was asleep, his place was entered and a gold watch and chain, and other property, of the aggregate value of Rs. 118-12-0, were stolen.

THE VURJEVANDAS MADOWDASS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY AT SION.—During the month of June the total number of patients treated in this dispensary was 1,320, among them the number of new admissions was 481, being classified as stated below :—Hindus 302, Mussulmans 39, Parsees 39, Christians 75, and other classes 23. The average daily attendance was 44.

STREET ACCIDENT.—Hoosein Imam, a Mahomedan, aged fifty years, residing at Bellasis Road, was, at 8 o'clock, on Thursday evening, standing on the footpath in front of his house, when a weather frame, about a foot long, fell on his head from a height of about thirty feet, causing a wound thereon about one inch long and exposing the bone. The man was treated at the J. J. Hospital.

FALL DOWN A SHIP'S HOLD.—On Thursday afternoon, at 10 o'clock, a Mahomedan lad, named Shaik Mahomed Jamaloodin, aged eleven years, was walking along the deck of the steamship Arghan, when his foot slipped and he fell into No. 3 hold, a distance of about ten feet, cutting his chin about one inch in length and sustaining other injuries. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital and detained for treatment.

SUICIDE OF A LEPER.—An inquiry was held yesterday, at Bibijan Street, by Mr. Turner, the coroner, on view of the body of one Wanarsee, a Hindu woman, aged thirty-eight years, who committed suicide by drowning herself in a well in the compound of a house in that street. Deceased had been suffering from leprosy, and used to earn her livelihood by begging about the town. She was tired of life and often expressed a desire to put an end to her miserable existence. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel R. L. Trevithick and Officers, the Band of the G. P. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme, at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-45 (weather permitting) :—

March	La Fille de Madam Angot..Lecocq.
Overture	The Huguenots.....A Lorking
Brindisi	From La Traviata.....Matiggiani
Valse	Acclamation.....Waldteufel
Selection	The Queen of Sheba.....Balfe
Polka	The Prussian Retreat.....Matiggiani

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

ALLEGED ILLICIT RELATIONS WITH A MARRIED WOMAN.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Thomas Goulison, a storekeeper in the firm of Messrs. John Flemming and Co., was brought upon warrant charged with having committed adultery with one Mrs. Molloy, wife of John Owen Molloy, an employe of the G. I. P. Railway. Mr. Daphtary, of Messrs. Daphtary and Fereira, solicitors, appeared for the accused and Mrs. Molloy, against whom a summons requiring her presence in court for the purpose of identification had been issued. Mr. Daphtary stated that when Constable Patterson called at her house on the previous day she was out and consequently could not receive the summons. Constable Patterson said this was not the case. He saw Mrs. Molloy at her place, but her brother-in-law slammed the door in his face. The accused was admitted to bail in the sum of Rs. 500 and a surety for a like amount. The summons against Mrs. Molloy was ordered to be served on her, and the case was adjourned for further inquiry.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY VS. DR. SUKHIA.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Dr. Nadarshaw H. Sukhia was summoned under section 231 of the Municipal Act for not complying with a notice served on him on 25th March last, calling upon him to carry out certain drainage work in connection with his house situated in Cowasji Patel Street. Mr. Crawford, solicitor, who appeared for the Municipality, explained the deficiencies of the house complained of, and stated that the defendant obstinately declined to do the work required of him. Dr. Sukhia submitted that the prosecution was frivolous and instituted with the view of deterring him from agitating on municipal matters. What was objected in his case was allowed in the case of others. The defendant further stated that he refused to slander Municipal Commissioner and the Drainage Engineer in the witness-box in connection with the case. The magistrate adjourned the case for further inquiry, and advised Dr. Sukhia to engage some legal gentleman to put before the court the legal aspects of his defence.

STEALING A CLOCK WORTH RS. 600.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Meyers charged Bhorekhan Mahibookhan and his brother Gooljarkhan, both Pathans, described themselves as dock labourers, before Mr. W. Webb, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, with housebreaking and theft of an English clock, valued at Rs. 600, the property of Bomanji Pestonji, residing at Hornby Villard, Mahalaxmee. The house of the complainant was broken into on the 15th October, 1897, and the clock was stolen. The theft was then reported to the police, and the latter made inquiries, but no trace of the thieves or of the stolen article could be obtained until the 6th instant, when a friend of the complainant noticed the clock in the shop of an Irani Parsee in Back Street, Fort, and informed the complainant. The latter made a report to the police, and on an inquiry it was ascertained that the two accused had pledged the clock with a certain Nanji Ramji for Rs. 20, and the latter sold it to a Mahomedan for the same amount. The Mahomedan afterwards kept the clock at the Irani's shop for safe custody. The accused admitted the charge, and were sentenced to six months' imprisonment each with hard labour.

PLUCKY RE-ISTANCE OF A MIDNIGHT ROBBER BY A WOMAN.—Before Mr. W. Webb, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Stanford prosecuted Cassum Hoosein Haji Shaik Alloodin, on a charge of stealing twelve half-sovereigns and a gold chain, of the aggregate value of Rs. 13[illegible], the property of Habiba, a woman of low character, residing at Falkland Road. The first accused was a domestic servant in the employ of the complainant, and the second accused, who was a friend of his, used to visit him at the house of his mistress. Shortly after midnight, on Saturday, the prosecutrix was aroused from her sleep by the ringing of the bell-knob of her cupboard, and on getting up she noticed a man, whom she immediately seized. The thief struggled, and knocking down the woman succeeded in releasing himself from her grasp and escaped from the house. The first accused, her servant, came into the room while the thief was struggling with her, but he appeared confused and rendered her no assistance in securing the thief. The police were summoned, and on an examination of the cupboard the property named was found missing. The first accused was taken in custody, and on being questioned as to whether he knew the thief made a clean breast of the part he had taken in the commission of the theft. He produced the stolen property and made in a statement, which led to the arrest of No. 2, the absconding thief. Both the accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and were sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment. Both the convicts were further charged with theft of a gold ring, valued at Rs. 30, the property of Habiba, which was stolen on the 2nd ultimo from her bedroom. In the course of the police inquiries the ring was traced to the possession of a Marwaree, with whom it had been pledged by the accused for Rs. 3. The accused admitted the offence, and were ordered to suffer a further term of four months' like punishment.

CRICKET.

R. A. *VS.* TELEGRAPH.

A CRICKET match was played between the Royal Artillery and Telegraph on Thursday, the 7th, at Colaba, resulting in a victory for the latter by 8 wickets and 21 runs. Copeland, Greig, Colville, and Guynan scored 20, 17, 15 and 13 runs for the R. A. Rozario and Cassells batted splendidly for the Telegraph, scoring 92 runs before being separated, although Cassells was fortunate in being given the benefit of an appeal of stumped when he had scored 24. The full scores are :—

TELEGRAPH.

G Rozario, b Holland	51
H Cassells (Jr), b Pett	31
H Netscher, not out	17
C Alexander, c Edwards, b Pett	3
E Page, b Guynan	0
W Mesquita, c and b Pett	0
M Johnson, c Holland, b Pett	0
E Perkins } J Rodrigues } H Farquharson } R Carson }	Did not bat.
Extras	15
Total	125

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Gr Holland	14	25	4	1
Sergt-Major Guynan	11	25	4	1
Sergt Pett	19	26	9	3
Lieut Greig	5	9	2	0
Capt Coxhead	4	11	0	0
Tpr Halpin	4	14	0	0

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Capt Coxhead, c Netscher, b Alexander	20
Bdr McKenzie, h w, b Alexander	4
Lt Colville, b Page	15
Sergt Major Guynan, b Perkins	13
Lt Greig, c Cassells, b Perkins	17
Gr Holland, c Netscher, b Perkins	0
Gr Edwards, b Netscher	16
Tpr Halpin, b Netscher	1
Lt Truscott, c Farrington, b Perkins	4
Sergt Pett, c Rodrigues, b Perkins	4
Gnr Walker, not out	1
Extras	4
Total	99

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Netscher	11½	20	2	2
Alexander	13	23	1	2
Page	7	21	0	1
Perkins	7	25	0	5

THE BLACKMAILING CASE.

THE QUESTION OF RELEVANCY AGAIN.

MR. MACPHERSON FOR THE PROSECUTION.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed enquiry into the case in which Mr. Jijibhoy Framji Petit charges Clive Durant, Dadabhoy Dhanjibhoy Dadyseth, Cooverji Merwanji Mehta, A. Williams and Sorabji Rustomji Battliwalla, Mr. Macpherson and Mr. D. Davar, instructed by Mr. Owen, of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, solicitors, prosecuted; Mr. Rougton, solicitor, defended Dadyseth, Mr. Brown, solicitor, represented Cooverji Mehta, Mr. Jinnah appeared for A. Williams, and the last accused, Battliwalla, was defended by Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan, instructed by Mr. Captain, solicitor. Clive Durant conducted his own defence. This was the twentieth hearing of the case.

At the outset, Durant renewed the application to be enlarged on bail, and argued the question on the merits of evidence given in court up till then by the prosecution.

Before Durant concluded, Mr. Macpherson signified his intention to make a application to the court regarding the relevancy, or otherwise of the truth, of charges laid against the complainant by the first and the third accused. This was in accordance with a notice given by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, solicitors to the complainant, to counsel for the defence, and which was to the effect that an application would be made on behalf of the complainant to the Chief Presidency Magistrate to refer, for the opinion of the High Court, under section 432 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the question of the relevancy to the inquiry of certain questions put by the first accused to the complainant in the cross-examination.

Mr. Macpherson's application having been acceded to, counsel argued at considerable length the inadvisability of protracting the proceedings by going through the charges brought by the accused against the complainant. He submitted that his application hardly came out. Under rulings which the Worship himself already passed in this matter, but as the point recurred at every question put to the complainant by the accused in his cross-examination, he thought that the prosecution was entitled to renew the question. Counsel came to court after anxious consideration on the point, and having regard to the duration of the cross-examination he was of opinion that the court would not take umbrage in the matter if he asked it to reconsider its ruling of the 25th June last. If that ruling was correct, the fourteen or fifteen days of hearing which had since expired might be considered to have been legitimately spent, otherwise they must have been misspent. The prosecution itself was to blame for not renewing the application much sooner than this. It was always open to the magistrate to refer the matter to the High Court, and that was the legitimate course to follow in the event of the magistrate arriving at a decision against the prosecution. The professed object of the cross-examination had been to establish the truth of the charges made by the accused in the information against the complainant, which had already been before the court and disposed of with a expression of opinion that it did not disclose any criminal offence to justify the issue of a process. Counsel presumed the court adhered to that view and that there was no revocation of it. It was perfectly clear that in regard to the charge of extortion, which his Worship was at present trying, with a view to commit it to the High Court, it was neither relevant nor material to inquire whether the prosecutor was innocent or guilty of the offences imputed to him by the defence. Counsel contended that this view of the matter was upheld by a number of English and Indian authorities, which Mr. Macpherson proceeded to quote with comments. He argued that to allow the importation of so much matter foreign to the charge of extortion involved questions of considerable intricacy and presaged that finality could hardly ever be reached. A jury would have lost sight of the issue weeks ago, and if the same course was persisted in it would come to resemble a trial by jury in absurdity. In other words, the trial of the collateral issues raised by the defence meant a trial within trial.

Mr. Talyarkhan observed that the magistrate having once for all finally ruled that the time of cross-examination for the defence was relevant to the inquiry there was no legal provision whatever justifying the magistrate to sit in appeal on his own ruling and to alter it. If the prosecution wished it might go to the High Court and have the decision reviewed. But he could not understand how the question could be raised at that stage.

Mr. Macpherson replied that the prosecution would object to the very first question put by the accused in further cross-examination, and asked the court for a ruling.

The magistrate remarked that there was nothing in the code to prevent him from setting himself right on a point in which he had found himself to be in the wrong.

Mr. Roughton supported Mr. Talyarkhan's arguments, and asked that in the event of the magistrate setting aside his former ruling what was he going to do with the remaining part of the record and which by the revised ruling would be held to be irrelevant.

Mr. Brown contended that the defence was entitled to put any number of questions to the complainant, according to his credibility, and he objected to the proposed reference to the High Court at that stage.

The magistrate remarked that he would decide the point when any objection was taken to a question in the course of further cross-examination.

Mr. Jinnah said he would reserve his remarks until a question was put and objected to.

Further enquiry was then adjourned until this afternoon.

SALE OF ABKARI LICENSES IN BOMBAY.

YESTERDAY, at 1 p.m., at the Town Custom House, Mr. A. Wood, Assistant Collector of Customs, and Mr. R. J. Sharman, Deputy Collector, put up for sale remaining 1 ds. There was a large assemblage of Parsee and Bhundaree bidders, and they briskly competed, as will be observed from the figure given. The reserve on pure mowra spirits shops was Rs. 2 00, and they were taken at Rs. 10,270. The reserve on pure toddy spirit shops were Rs. 2,500, and they fetched Rs. 5,380. On toddy shop licenses the reserve aggregated to Rs. 402, and rose in price to Rs. 93,700. The remaining 13 lots will be put up to-day by 12 o'clock. The following is the Government has realised on the licenses in Rs. 20 320.

PURE MOWRA SPIRIT SHOPS.

No. of Licenses.	Street or Road.	Reserve Price.
		Rs.
4	New Memon vada	60
14	Sonapur Lane	100
33	Glider Street	500
45	Kalachowki Road	200
	Rs. 2 00	10,270

PURE TODDY SPIRIT SHOPS.

2	Mowghie Lane	500
5	Chinchbunder	500
9	Girgaum Road	500
31	Esplanade Road	500
34	Lady Jamsetjee Road	500
	Rs. 2,500	5,380

TODDY SHOP LICENSES.

6	B rance Street, Fort	50
17	Mandvi, Colaba	50
29	Carnac Road	50
31	Mazagon Road	50
26	Jungle-ee Street	50
34	Co sajee Patel Tank Road	50
42	Khoja Street	50
48	Omarcarry Lane	50
	Rs. 400	9,350

THE LATE LIEUTENANT-GENERAL CLEMENTSON.

ONCE again, after a too brief interval, writes a local correspondent, on Monday, has Ootacamund been saddened by a death, this time of a prominent and popular resident of the station, Lieutenant-General Clementson, at the ripe old age of 72. The deceased was many years ago Cantonment Magistrate of Ootacamund, when Ootacamund was a Cantonment administered by the military authorities. Having retired on a liberal allowance, he remained on these hills unemployed, though still on the Active List. His health for some time now has been indifferent, but on the Sunday before last he attended St. Stephen's Church for the midday service. That same night it appears he was attacked with a fit, a malady to which he was subject. This would appear to have been the beginning of the end, for right through the week it was known that he was in a

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who lost her life through the burning of the above Ship.
Madame LILY HOWARD and Mr. BEN. DEFRECE have kindly offered their Services.
ADMISSION :—Reserved Seats Rs. 3. Unreserved Seats Rs. 1.
Tickets can be had on Board the S. S. EGYPT, Victoria Dock, and at the SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE, Frere Road.
NO ADMISSION WITHOUT TICKET.

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1. BIRD'S-EYE VIEW.
2. INDIA.
3. THE DOMINION.
4. NEWFOUNDLAND, AND FRANCE.
5. THE COMMONWEALTH (AUSTRALIA.)
6. NEW ZEALAND.
7. AFRICA.
8. THE CROWN COLONIES.
9. ON IMPERIAL DEFENCE.
The first article will appear in
The *BOMBAY GAZETTE*
ON AUGUST 5.
The Series will be continued weekly.

NOTICE.
THE Editorial and Advertising Offices of the *BOMBAY GAZETTE* have been REMOVED to No. 29, CHURCHGATE STREET, (formerly "Times of India" Offices).

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 8.

THE rainfall in the Cotton-growing districts has been general throughout the week though slight, and crop prospects are reported to be favourable. The business done in Cotton has been a moderate one, and prices show a tendency to advance. Wheat has been a dull market with little or no business passing ; while in Seeds there has been some enquiry, and a little business has transpired. In Exchange there has been an advance in rates of 1-32 to 1-16d., Bank Paper being quoted 1-32d. higher, and Private 1-16d. Money is in fair demand. Government Paper has in general been steady in tone, and prices have risen to the extent of 1-4 per cent. for 3 1-2 per Cents., but have declined 1-2 per cent. for Threes. Freights are a steady market, and lines are reported placed for Continental ports at current rates. Imports have been dealt in sparingly, the feeling in the market being dull.

MONEY.—Against the increase in the preceding week in the Cash Balance of the Bank of Bombay of 22 1-2 lakhs, at 143 3-4 lakhs, there was a decrease of some 32 lakhs last week, at 112lakhs, as disclosed by the return of Monday last. From Public Deposits at the Head Office there were withdrawals to the extent of over 1 1-4 lakh, and at the Branches of about 2 lakhs. To Private Deposits there was an addition of 2 1-4 lakhs ; Government Securities increased by 2 3-4 lakhs. Loans were 24 lakhs more ; and Bills Discounted and Purchased, 2 1-2 lakhs Balances with other Banks were 3-4 lakh higher.

Meanwhile, money is in fair demand. The rate of the Presidency Bank is 8 per cent., and that in the open market, 6 per cent.

EXCHANGE.—The market was quiet in tone at opening last mail-day, with 1s. 3 5-8d. quoted for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 3 21-33d. for Demand, and 1s. 3 3-4d. for three months' sight Credits, and a very little business passing either way. On Monday rates opened at 1s. 3 5-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 3 3-4d. for three months' sight Credits. A small amount of Merchants' Bills were reported placed at 1s. 3 23-32d. ; and forward Wire was sold to a fair extent, but there was very little enquiry for ready remittance. The market was quiet in tone on Tuesday at 1s. 3 19-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 3 23-32d. for three months' sight Credits. Mercantiie Bills were again scarce, and there was only a small demand for Bank remittance for any delivery. There was a steady feeling in the market on Wednesday, when 1s. 3 5-8d was quoted for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 3 23-32d. for three months' sight Credits. A moderate amount of Merchants' Bills were reported sold, but the enquiry for Bank Paper was limited. Rates were quoted yesterday at 1s. 3 21-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 3 11-16d. for Demand, and 1s. 3 25-32d. for three months' sight Credits. A small amount of Mercantile Bills was placed ; re-sales were in the market, and rates advanced 1-32d. all round. The enquiry for Bank Paper was small To-day quotations have been firm at 1s. 3 23-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 3 13-16d. for three months' sight Credits. Mercantile Bills were reported done to a fair extent, and on receipt of news of the new Loan rates were inclined to recede, 3 months' sight Credits being placed at 1s. 3 25-32d. Later on, however, the market became firmer, and closed at the following level :—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 3 11-16d.	per rupee.
" Telegraphic	1s. 3 11-16d.	"
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 3 13-16d.	"
Francs	196 1-2	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—At opening last mail-day rates were steady at 95 1-2 for both Money and Account, for 3 1-2 per Cents ; 3 per Cents were unchanged at 86 1-2 Quotations were given on Monday at 95 3-4 for Money as well as for Account, for 3 1-2 per Cents, in a strong market ; in Threes there was no change. There was again a strong feeling in the market on Tuesday, when 95 15-16 was quoted for Cash and the Settlement, for 3 1-2 per Cents, and 86 for Threes. The tone of the market was unsettled on Wednesday with a decline in rates to 95 3-8 for Money and Account, for 3 1-2 per Cents. ; Threes remained at 86. Quotations were weak in tone yesterday at 95 1-8 for Money and Account, for 3-1-2 per Cents, with 86 for Threes. To-day prices have advanced to 95 3-4 for 3 1-2 per Cents, for Cash and the Settlement ; Threes have remained at 86, in a steady market.

SHARES have been a quiet market, and prices here showing any movement, have advanced. We have to report an advance of Rs. 30, in Central India ; of Rs. 25, in Madras United ; of Rs. 22 1-2, in Swadeshi ; of Rs. 20, in Manockjee Petit ; and of Rs. 10, in Currimbhoy ; and a decline of Rs. 25, in Bombay United. In Miscellaneous shares, Treacher and Co., are Rs. 10 lower ; Bank of Bombay shares have declined Rs. 17 1-2.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—In "Grey Goods" a small business has been done, and rates have maintained their former level, holders being firm and strongly averse to making any reduction. Stocks are heavy ; the enquiry for forward business is very small. In "Bleached," "Dyed," "Turkey-Red," and *Printed Goods* there has been no change in prices, the business passing being trifling. "Of Locally-made Goods" small lots of "Zanzibar" and of "Long Cloths" have changed hands at current rates. The clearances of "Imported Goods" from the bazaar during the week have been 3,000 packages, and of "Local" some 1,500 bales.

YARNS.—China dealers have sold some 10,000 bales. Exchange on Hongkong is quoted at Rs. 147. Locally the sales have amounted to 7,000 bales. Prices have advanced 1-16 anna per lb., in a steady market, official quotations being as follows :—

Twist	No.	6s	Mule,	As.	3 1-2	to	4	per lb.
"		"		"	3 1-2	"	4 1-8	"
"		10s		"	3 5-8	"	4 5-8	"
"		12s		"	3 3-4	"	4 3-4	"
"		16s		"	4 1-2	"	5 1-4	"
"		20s		"	4 3-4	"	5 1-2	"
"		24s		"	5 3-8	"	6	"
"		30s		"	6 1-4	"	6 3-4	"
"		40s		"	7	"	7 3-4	"

METALS.—"Frazers' Copper" is unchanged in value at Rs. 46 per cwt. ; "Yellow Metal" has declined 8 annas, to Rs. 37-8 per cwt. ; while "Swedish Bar Iron" has advanced Re. 1, to Rs. 57 per candy.

COAL.—During the past week there have been sales of "Watson's Hartley," at 17 per ton. In Bengal Coal, "Muir Navigation," for November-December delivery, was sold at Rs. 13 3-4, and "Seebpore," for August-September shipment, at Rs. 14; Deshagur was done for August at Rs. 14 3-4. We quote alongside :

Welsh Hartley	Nil.
West "	Rs. 18 1-2 per ton
Australian	Nil.
Powell's	Nil.
Cardiff	Nil.
Japan	Rs. 15 1-4 "
Bengal	Rs. 14 "
Singareni	Rs. 14 "
Seebpore	Rs. 14 "
Sanctoria	Nil.
Deshagur	Rs. 16 1-2 "

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—The enquiry for this staple has been a moderately large one, resulting in a fair amount of business being put through. Prices have shown some fluctuation during the week, and after opening at a decline of Rs. 2 per candy, they further declined Re. 1 to Rs. 2, then recovered to the extent of Rs. 2, and are this evening again Re. 1 higher. The market closes with a steady feeling and a moderate demand both on account of exporters and the local mills.

The arrivals of new crop Cotton into Bombay since last Friday have amounted to 17,500 bales, compared with 25,500 in the previous week, and 16,000 bales in the corresponding week last year. The total arrivals to date are 1,608,000 bales.

According to the telegraphic weather and crop reports received from the Cotton-growing districts on Monday morning, the prospects were favourable throughout. At Dhulia, as well as at Bhavnagar, more rain was wanted, and at Barsi, Cotton-sowing had not commenced owing to the absence of rain.

The advices to hand yesterday showed that the fall of rain had been general in the districts, and though slight in Beawar and Hubli, it had been heavier in Khangaum, Julgaum, and Broach ; at Barsi, Sholapur, and Bellary there had been no further fall registered since the beginning of the week, while at the first named the absence of rain was causing anxiety, and at the last Cotton-sowing had not been commenced from want of it.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed, Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool via Canal, without Commission, viz :—

	Per Candy	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	Rs. 145—3 1-32	4,
" Fully good	" 137—2 29-32	d.
Do. do. Jan. 15-25, 1899	" 145—3 5-32	d.
Do. Good	" 132—2 13 16	d.
Belatee, Fine	" 146—3 1-32	d.
Do. Fully Good	" 142—2 31-32	d.
Khandesh, Fully Good	" 142—2 31-32	d.
Comra, Fully Good	" 130—3 3-32	d.
Dhollera, Fine	" 157—3 7-32	d.
Do. Fully Good	" 142—3 5-32	d.
Do. Good	" 143—3d.	
Do. do. May 15-25, 1899	" 155—3 13-32	d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good	" 158—3 7-32	d.
Westerns	" 140—2 15-16	d.
Broach, Fine	" 161—3 5-16	d.
Do. Good March 15-25, 1899	" 175—3 21 32	d.

The Arrivals of New Crop Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows :—

	Season. 1897-98. F. P. Bales.	Season. 1896-97. F. P. Bales.
Bengals	231,000	344,500
Berar	421,000	294,000
Khandeish	346,000	252,000
Barsee and Nuggur	92,000	74,500
Hingunghat	10,500	10,500
Persian and Sind	15,000	27,000
Broach	152,500	138,000
Dhollera	271,000	232,500
Compta and Dharwar	56,000	69,000
Westerns	12,000	11,500
	1,608,000	1,453,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years :—

Receipts.	1898. Bales.	1897. Bales.	1893. Bales.
For the week	17,438	17,208	11,153
From 1st Jan. to 7th July	1,608,200	1,326,977	1,558,620
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	21,717	1,333	5,276
From 1st Jan. to 7th July	499,007	467,754	640,679
Clearances to China, Japan, Calcutta, &c.			
For the week	4,233	14,883	499
From 1st Jan. to 7th July	275,755	323,029	258,656

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—For "Wheat" the enquiry has been practically nothing, and prices have hardened, being quoted 2ans. per cwt. higher for "White Pessy" 91 per cent, and 3 1-2ans. for 85 per cent. In "Linseed," "Rapeseed," and "Poppyseed" a small Business has been done ; rates are generally unchanged.

The comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows :—

	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.	1896. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	25,329	56,157	21,210
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	4,853,494	529,484	2,794,231
Linseed for the week	28,596	9,270	30,493
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	1,024,597	308,770	3,114,781
Rapeseed for the week	56,801	76,754	29,505
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	1,235,842	1,092,738	723,332
Gingellyseed for the week	3,276	549	882
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	788,589	379,354	817,909

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows :—

	1898. Cwts.	1897. Cwts.	1896. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	100,000	...	...
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	5,196,003	2,813	1,187,410
Linseed for the week	100,993	4,002	73,441
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	1,701,844	394,118	2,478,209
Rapeseed for the week	130,808	...	...
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	1,333,090	721,801	625,107
Gingellyseed for the week	19,993	...	5,249
Do. from 1st January to 7th July	1,313,932	397,923	1,051,048

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats dull.

Good Bhownuggur 2 31-32
The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.
2½ per cent. Consols 111 11-16
3 per cent. Bonds 103
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 114
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper 62 7-16
Bar Silver 27 3-16

The sum of about £100,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday, show the following results. Total Bullion £37,100,000 ; Decrease, £1,400,000 ; Public Deposits, £8,130,000 ; Decrease, £1,070,000 ; Other Deposits, £40,200,000 ; Increase, £500,000 ; Other Securities, £33,400,000 ; Increase, £300,000 ; Notes and Gold, £25,300,000 ; Decrease, £1,300,000. The Bank's Reserve is 46 per cent. of the liabilities.

DIVINE SERVICE.

FIFTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, JULY 10.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral)—Cruickshank in E flat—Hymns 5, 176, 5,3 and 161.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon—Hymns 210, 520 and 31.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Garrett in F.
Daily—Matins at 6-45 a.m., Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5 p.m.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Missa Cantata (Merbecke).—Hymns 34, 320, 178 and 324.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.—Hymns 343, 331 and 568.
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon—Hymns 1-9, 248 and 24.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH MALABAR HILL.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.
(Colaba Afghan Memorial Church.)
No Celebration of Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Parade Service.—Hymns 189, 222 and 392.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 193, 551 and 163.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.
(Colaba Causeway).
8 a.m.—Mr. F. R. Atkins.
6 p.m.—Rev. G. C. Walker.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
(Byculla. Victoria Gardens).
9-30 a.m.—Rev. G. C. Walker.
6 p.m.—Mr. F. R. Atkins.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.
BOWEN CHURCH—Apollo Bunder.
(Behind the Apollo Hotel.)
9-15 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sermons by Rev. I. F. Row.
Wednesday, 6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Waudby Road, Esplanade).
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 321, 248 and 371. Psalm 46.
8 a.m.—Joint Service in St. Andrew's Church.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
(Near School of Art).
Incumbent.—Rev. C. Gilder.
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 273, 310 and 3.3.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 182, 181 and 23.
The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH GIRGAUM.
7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon by Rev. T. Davis.—Hymns 3, 144 and 257.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. L. B. Butcher.—Hymns 14, 135 and 149.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.
6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Choral Eucharist.
10 a.m.—Children's service.
6 p.m.—Choral Evensong and Sermon.
Alms for the poor.

BAPTIST CHURCH, BELASSIS ROAD.
(Opposite Byculla Club.)
8 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Pastor F. W. Dunster will preach.
4-30 p.m.—Afternoon School with Adult Bible Classes.

ST. NICHOLAS (SEAMEN'S) CHURCH.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.
(Madras time.)
6-30 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. G Losgard—Hymns 282, 546 and 27.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
8 a.m.—Morning Service.—Hymns 5, 6, 163 and 192.
6 p.m.—Evening Service—Hymns 10, 13, 144 and 170.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, BANDORA.
8 30 a.m.—Matins and Celebration of Holy Communion.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

THE following is a list of messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, during the week ending 7th July :—

Station from.	Address in full as received.
Palamcottah	Deputy Collector Sahib, Gawadi Door No. 36.
Mandavy Store	Pilot Kosab, care of Knabu Mubus.
Jagraon	Nashia Spo Gulli Chabel Bauridia 5th Street.
Peshawar City	B. M. Pathar and Co.
Karachi	Dosabhoy Cursetjee Bochkhanawala, Esq., Grant Road.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 8th July, 1898.

[Difference in Longitude allowed for.]

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes
Turkey	7	7	24 p.m.	...	16
Teheran	8	2	19 p.m.	...	35
Suez	8	3	0 p.m.	...	5

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., of the 8th July, 1898.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	58	...	3
" Karachi	...	15	...	2
" Madras	...	31	...	1

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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13 LEADING ARTICLES : Water Logging and the Plague—Mill-hands.
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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

POONA.

MARRIAGE.

CARTHY—COLEMAN—July 6, at St Xavier's, Poona, by the Rev Fr Shrooter, S J, May, eldest daughter of H F Coleman, of Poona, to Richard Carthy, of Bombay.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—June 29, at Simla, Almora, the wife of William Guthbert Anderson, of a son.
BARRETT—June 20, the wife of Surgeon N F Barrett, Hyderabad-Deccan, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

FORSTER—JENNINGS—July 1, at Saint Augustine's Church, Gohat, Captain Philip Byron Bohun Forster, 2nd Sikh Infantry, P F F, son of the late Major J P Bohun Forster, 4th K O Royal Lancaster Regiment, to Violet, second daughter of R E Jennings, Esq, of 24 First Avenue, Brighton, and Gelli-deg Kidwelly, South Wales.

DEATHS.

GARDINER—July 2, at Rosa, N-W P, of colitis, Florence Sybil, the wife of C E Gardiner, and daughter of G S Thompson, for many years a resident of Calcutta.
JAHANS—June 12, at Lahore, through an accident, Thomas Lesli-Jahans, aged 69 years and 10 months.
LUMSDEN—June 23, at Quetta, Baluchistan, Henry Arthur, the dearly loved and only son of Surgeon-Captain and Mrs J S Lumsden, I M S, aged 1 year and 6 months.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns, should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette
SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1898

How little the world knows of its most remarkable men ! The "Memoirs of Alexander Gardner, Colonel of Artillery in the Service of Maharajah Ranjit Singh," just published by Blackwood and Son, will, it may be hoped, rescue from oblivion the name and career of a soldier and traveller whose ninety years of chequered life gave scope for adventure and vicissitudes so much outside ordinary experience, that some sceptical writers have doubted whether he ever had any real existence. He was, however, a very real personage, in the moulding of which Sotland and Spain, indeed it might be said Europe, Asia, and America, had each a share. His Memoirs, or rather the not inconsiderable fragments of them that escaped the perils of flood and field, have been edited by Major Hugh Pearse. Sir Richard Temple, whose first years in the service brought him into contact with many of the Sikh and other actors in the tragedies succeeding the death of Ranjit Singh of which Gardner was a witness, and not unfrequently a participator, contributes an interesting introduction. Sir Richard vouches for the accuracy and good faith of the picturesque narrative of the events which preceded the first and second Sikh wars. Ney Elias' opinion of the truthfulness of Gardner's account of his travels in Central Asia from the Caspian to the Indus, —taking in Kohkand, Khiva, the Pamirs, Chitral, the Hazara country, and Kafiristan, in what may be described as the prehistoric time before Russian or British influence penetrated to these regions—may be accepted as conclusive, for that experienced traveller went over much of the same ground long years afterwards, and found the descriptions and the names of tribes and chiefs singularly correct. Alexander Gardner was the youngest of three sons of a Scottish surgeon who went to the British colonies in South America in the middle of the last century. When the "rebellious colonists" took the field the surgeon was on their side and had much correspondence with Mr. Washington and the Marquis de Lafayette. When the war resulted in independence Dr. Gardner took service in Mexico under the Spanish Government, and married a daughter of an English nan named Haughton whose Spanish wife, a lady of good family, obtained for him the highest official position in a town and district on the Colorado. Haughton's father was a major in the British army and a great traveller in Africa, where he lost his life. Gardner and his wife left Mexico soon after their marriage and settled for a time on the shores of Lake Superior, where three boys and three girls were born, Alexander seeing the light in 1785. The family then returned to Mexico, where Dr. Gardner entered the Spanish service. The boys were educated up to the age of twelve by the mother, a woman of talent and great sweetness and strength of character, to whom the future traveller attributed everything that was good in him in after life. She taught her children not only English and Spanish, but French and Italian, while the father taught the boys Latin and Greek. At twelve the boys were sent to the Jesuit College of St. Xavier's. While awaiting punishment in the Principal's library the young Alexander lighted on a book of travels amongst American Indians. He asked for the loan of the book, which was refused ; but he got hold of it all the same from its perusal the notion of becoming a traveller and adventurer and carving out a career for himself became "the maggot of his brain."

His mother dying when he was twenty-one, he went to Ireland, where he spent five years in preparing for a maritime life—and studying artillery. He also acquired an accent which he never lost. His knowledge of gunnery, and his Irish accent, gave occasion for people who can see through mill-stones to assert that Gardner was an Irish soldier who deserted from the British artillery ; a pure fiction. From Ireland he proceeded to New Orleans, where on hearing of his father's death, he determined to go to his eldest brother, an engineer in Russian service in Astrakhan. But first he went to Madrid, to realise his own and his brother's share of his mother's property and remitted it to Astrakhan. Meeting a man named Aylmer, a relative of the Principal of his College who knew Persian and Turkish, he agreed to go with him to Alexandria and Cairo, and on the journey learned those languages. At Cairo, the travellers found an intelligent and friendly French colony, and two German mineralogists, who intended, like Gardner, to seek employment in Russia as engineers. They also met an accomplished Frenchman, Rossaix, one of a large number of officers, thrown out of employment by "the peace of 1805," following the battle of Austerlitz. Rossaix was an engineer, and he intended to enter the service of Ranjit Singh, which he afterwards did. This in after years led Gardner to enter the same service. But many things were to happen before then. It was necessary for those cosmopolitan adventurers to get from Cairo to Russian territory beyond the Black Sea. They caught up a caravan of 3,000 people—"a medley of Asiatics, chiefly pilgrims, a mendicant set but very sturdy." They were so pillaged that a small party of Christian, Turkish and Arab merchants, numbering three hundred, encamped at night 300 yards from the main body and fired on all who trespassed on the neutral zone. Once at Astrakhan, Gardner proceeded to qualify himself for employment as a mineralogist there being a demand for such for the mines by reading all the books on the subject he could lay hold of, and working and studying under his brother. Ultimately the brother got him the promise of a Government appointment ; but on the 14th December, 1817, the elder Gardner being killed by a fall from his horse, the employment was curtly refused. It took nearly a year for Alexander to obtain £6,000, one-third of his brother's effects, including his own patrimony. The rest was paid long afterwards by the kindly intervention of a distinguished French traveller, a relation on his mother's side. The Germans, disappointed with the treatment they received, gave up the Russian service, and decided to proceed to Persia. Gardner agreed to accompany them. But travelling was slow and difficult and the party broke up, Gardner and another German engineer, Sturzky, started for Herat, intending to make their way through Afghanistan to the Punjab, having heard that Rossaix was receiving high pay at Lahore. Then began twelve years wanderings in well nigh every part of Central Asia. When near Herat, Gardner luckily fell ill of a fever, which prevented his accompanying an impostor with a considerable retinue, who represented himself as an Ambassador from the Khan of Khokand to Persia and Herat, and promised Sturzky and his companion high employment if they went with him to Khokand. Sturzky accepted the offer, and was robbed of everything. He was only saved from being murdered by a [illegible] holy Khoja, who took compassion on him, and showed the sincerity of his feelings by insisting on the luckless engineer submitting to the ceremony of circumcision before a large assembly in Khiva.

By 1823, Gardner had spent or lost his little fortune, and was back at Astrakhan penniless. He felt that he could only find happiness amongst wild races, exploring unknown territories. As all the tribes and nations between the Caspian and Khiva at that time hated and feared Russia, he cast off his Russian furs and procured the complete equipment of an Uzbeg. He took the name of Arb Shah suggesting Arab lineage, and journeyed, not for the first time, across the steppes between the Caspian Sea and the Aral, receiving hospitality from various chiefs. He crossed the Aral, and after many hardships fell among freebooters, who stole all his camels and horses. Gardner and the Asiatics of his party having in vain asked for restitution, or even to be allowed to buy their five horses back, raided the robbers' camp at night and carried off twelve horses, including their own five. They pressed on by a forced march towards Samarkand ; being overtaken in the morning and ordered to return in the name of the Government, they fired on and killed their immediate pursuers and continued their march. When nearing Samarkand, a Turkoman rode up at full speed, and said he was sent out to find a desperate band of robbers. "We declared we were in pursuit of them. We might easily have killed him, but agreed that by letting him pass we might divert suspicion from ourselves." They changed their route and made for the Oxus, hiding among the rocks. Sending out a man to make inquiry he learned that they were proclaimed throughout the whole country as dogs of Mervites, and no one would dare to take them in. Gardner and his friend Aga Khan lived some time as wandering free-booters. They than decided to make for Kabul and seek employment under Dost Mahommed. It was necessary to get there by unfrequented routes, avoiding cities and all constituted authority. "Food we obtained by levying contributions from every one we could muster, but we did not slaughter except in self-defence." Three armed men who said Gardner and his companions were the robbers they said they were pursuing and proposed to take them before the ruler of the province, had naturally to be killed. Aga Khan was one of a few wanderers who joined Gardner casually on the way. He said he was a Pole, and perhaps he was ; he knew a good deal about Germany and other countries and always spoke French to Gardner who suspected him to be a convict escaped from Siberia. When they entered Afghanistan, they found that the outlaw Habib Ulla Khan held the northern province lying between them and the territory over which his uncle Dost Mahommed ruled. His first introduction to the nephew was occasioned by the summary overthrow of a small outpost that demanded custom dues of the strangers. Habib rode up at the head of fifty horsemen, determined for avenging the insult. Gardner ordered his party to sheath their swords and having given the chief a military salute, returned his own to the scabbard and asked for a parley. The handsome

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE HISPANO-AMERICAN WAR.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS: THE TRUCE CONTINUES.

LONDON, JULY 8.

A telegram from the American Camp at Santiago says that firing was not resumed yesterday though the truce is supposed to have ended, both armies having been informed that the Governments of Washington and Madrid are negotiating terms of peace.

AMERICAN SQUADRON ORDERED TO SPAIN.

LONDON, JULY 7.

Commodore Watson's squadron has been ordered to sail forthwith for Spain.

ASSAULT ON SANTIAGO DEFERRED.

It has now been decided to defer the assault upon Santiago.

RELEASE OF THE MERRIMAC PRISONERS.

Lieutenant Hobson and his men, who were taken prisoners by the Spaniards, when the ship Merrimac was sunk at the entrance to the harbour of Santiago, have been released in exchange for Spanish prisoners.

THE ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

President McKinley has signed the resolution of Congress annexing Hawaii, and a warship will start at once for the Island to hoist the American flag.

DEPARTURE OF THE AMERICAN COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF FOR CUBA.

General Miles, Commander-in-Chief of the American Army, has started for Cuba.

THE REVOLUTIONARY REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES.

General Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has proclaimed himself President of the Revolutionary Republic of the Philippines.

THE DREYFUS AFFAIR.

The French Chamber of Deputies has unanimously ordered the placarding everywhere of a speech made by the Minister of War, declaring that Dreyfus is undenisably guilty of the crime for which he is undergoing punishment.

SERIOUS RISING OF BLACKFLAGS.

Despatches from China report a serious rising of Blackflags in the province of Kwangsi.

The British Consul at Wuchau demands the presence of gunboats, but only the gunboat Tweed is available for this service.

[The Tweed is a third-class gunboat, intended for coast defence, but at present out of commission. She is a vessel of 373 tons, with two guns and engines of 200 horse power.]

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

M. Pavloff, the acting Russian Minister at Peking, has threatened China that if the northern extension of the railway is persisted in Russia may be obliged to seize Kuldja.

OBITUARY.

The death is announced of Mr. Chas T. Murdoch, the Conservative member for Reading.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, JULY 8.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Carthage, with the homewards English mails of the 2nd instant, arrived here at 6 a.m., to-day.

SUEZ, JULY 7.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Arabia, with the outward English mails of the 1st instant, left here, at 1 p.m., to-day.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 8.

19th Bo. Infantry:—Lieutenant R. E. Krickenbeck to be Wing officer, vice Lieutenant Dease, seconded on appointment to Commissariat Transport Department.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Home Department—Mr. H. T. White officiates as Judicial Commissioner, Upper Burma, vice Mr. G. D. Burgess, invalided. Mr. A. W. Mackie is permitted to resign the Civil Service from the 10th instant.

Foreign Department—Mr. R. C. Bramley officiates as District Superintendent of Police, Ajmere, Merwara vice Kemball.

Captains L. Impey, H. Peacock, C. Wendham and F. Belville are posted as Political Agent, Banswara, Assistant Commissioner, Merwara, and Assistant to Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana, respectively.

Home Department—Major F. Kreyer continues to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate of Nasirabad.

Military Department—Brigade Surgeon-Lieutenant Colonel McConaghy, Bombay, is granted temporary rank of Surgeon-Colonel.

2nd Bombay Lancers—Thakur Arjun Singh to officiate as Jemadar by direct appointment.

Subadar Ahmad Khan, 30th Bombay Infantry, is admitted to third-class of the Order of Merit, for conspicious gallantry at Gokparosh Mekran in leading a small party in face of heavy odds against sup erior numbers of the enemy and dislodging them from st rong positions.

Marine Department.—Sub-Lieutenant G. La Touche, three months extension leave on sick certificate.

RELIEF WORKS.

The Revenue and Agricultural Department, Bombay, reports an increase of two thousand people under relief.

BICYCLE GYMKHANA MEETING.

POONA, JULY 8.

The Bicycle Gymkhana meeting was held in the evening on the Gymkhana ground. The attendance was very great, Lord Sandhurst, Generals Duncan and Hogg, and nearly all society of Poona and Kirkee being present. There were four events on the card, the first being polo match between Messrs. Light's team and Thomson; the former won by 3 goals to 2 goals and one subsidiary. The match was closely contested, only instead of horses bicycles were used. The riders showed great skill, avoiding collisions, and no accidents to riders but only to bicycles. Second event.—Tortoise race for Ladies. Prize scent bottle. Ten ladies entered, and the race had to run in heats. In the first heat—Miss Bainbridge, Mrs. Donnet, Miss Churchill, and Mrs. Leveson-Gower entered, and was won by the former. In the second heat—Miss Fawcett, Mrs. Swiney, Mrs. Dixon, Mrs. Crowe and Mrs. Richardson, and won by Mrs. Fawcett. In final Fawcett won. The third event was tent-pegging, and tilting at ring; affinity race,—eight pairs competed, won by Mrs. Donnet and Mr. Heyland with 35 points. The fourth event was egg and spoon; affinity race—ten competed, gentlemen at first were disqualified for holding eggs with their thumbs. It was run again and won by Miss Fawcett.

BICYCLE MUSICAL RIDE.

Between gymkhana the whole assembly adjourned to the Council hall, where a bicycle musical ride arranged by Mrs. Dixon took place. The spectacle was certainly never witnessed before in Poona. The ride lasted about a quarter of an hour. Lord Sandhurst, accompanied by Mr. Heaton and several other members of Government House being present, witnessed the ride. His Excellency kindly lent the band for the occasion. The riders came on the ground, decorated their cycles with flowers which gave a pretty appearance; the band struck a lively march, the riders wheeled in pairs, reaching the end of the path; the leading couples then separated and rode round outside till the y met again and joined by the couple next behind them forming abreast much the same way as the grand march is executed by dancers. No mistakes occurred during the whole course of the ride, which speaks volumes for the pains taken by Mrs. Dixon. The ladies and gentlemen who took part were Mrs. Dixon and Captain Hewett; Miss Churchill and Doctor Riddle; Miss Bainbridge and Doctor Morgan; Mrs. Crowe and Captain Addison; Mrs. Richardson and Mr. Crichton; Mrs. Swiney and Mr. Heyland; Mrs. Donnet and Captain Crawford; Mrs. Leveson-Gower and Captain Young.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, JULY 7.

The P. I. S. N. Company's steamer Mantua left here this after noon.

JULY 8.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Sicotra (extra) left here yesterday evening, and may be expected to arrive in Bombay on the 17th instant.

HONGKONG, JULY 7.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Coromandel arrived here from Bombay, this morning.

ADEN, JULY 8.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Rewa left here yesterday evening.

COLOMBO, JULY 8.

The Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Marquis Bacquehem, from Japan, left here this afternoon for Bombay, and may be expected to arrive on Tuesday next.

The Florio-Rubattino Company's steamer Bornida, from Bombay, arrived at Hongkong on the 7th inst.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOANS.

SIR JAMES WESTLAND'S STATEMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 8,

Sir James Westland announced in Council to-day, that subject to the usual reservation, giving powers to Government to change its intentions, the borrowings in India this year will be reduced from three crores to one hundred and twenty lakhs which will be raised in August or September next, according to the requirements of Government.

WAYS AND MEANS RECONSIDERED.

In the Viceroy's Council to-day, Mr. Rivaz was appointed to the Select Committee on the Central Provinces Tenancy and Revenue Bills, vice Sir J. Woodburn.

Sir James Westland then introduced bill to amend the Indian Steam Navigation Act of 1884. He explained that the measure arose out of the recommendations made by the Bengal Government for regulating signals for the avoidance of collisions between vessels navigating inland waters. It gives powers to Government to make rules which shall carry penalties and have the force of law in connection with the exhibition of light and sound signals. The rules passed under the bill, however, will in no case come into force until after being published in draft form for the information of those concerned.

Sir James Westland then introduced the bill extending the operation of the Indian Paper Currency Act of 1888 for another two years from the 21st instant, when it would otherwise expire, and announced that he would ask the Council to pass it into law at the meeting on 15th instant. He explained that the powers recently taken from Parliament by the Secretary of State for borrowing of ten million sterling were only permissive and involved no departure from the programme laid down in the Budget statement. Further, there was no intention to substitute sterling borrowing at home for the usual system of financing the Secretary of State. But that the latter would draw the whole of the sixteen million sterling in Council Bills this year as proposed in the Budget. Government hoped that as the result of the examination to which the currency system is now being subjected before the Commission in London, measures would be taken for the establishment of a gold currency. Until matters are in a more settled state, however, they considered it unwise to give up the powers afforded by the Act he proposed to extend which enabled the Secretary of State to afford relief in case of emergency by drawing bills on currency reserve.

Sir James was permitted by the Viceroy to take this opportunity to give an explanation regarding ways and means for the current year, as some misapprehensions, especially in the native press had arisen regarding the powers recently taken in Parliament by the Secretary of State, to borrow ten million sterling. The fact was that this action involved no change in the programme laid down in the Budget, powers taken being merely permissive and intended only to cover possible requirements, for the Secretary of State could not borrow without permission of Parliament, and he took such permission periodically in lump sums to come and go upon merely renewing sanction when any particular loan would overlap the total Parliament had previously sanctioned. The Government of India, however, fully recognised that the present would be a most inopportune time to go to the market for a loan of three crores of rupees when distinct stringency existed, the Bank of Bengal interest standing at the unusual rate, for this time of the year at seven per cent. Under these circumstances the raising of so large a sum as three crores would produce considerable strain. Again, if the measures now being taken had the effect, as Government hoped and believed would be the case, of establishing a gold standard a considerable appreciation of Government Paper would result. If, therefore, borrowing could be postponed to next year money would be likely to be got at better rates. Under these circumstances, Government had determined to reconsider ways and means.

Thanks chiefly to the improved revenue, and especially railway revenue, Government will be able to get over the low balance period in October with smaller loan than anticipated. *It has* been decided therefore to limit borrowing this year to one hundred and twenty lakhs. Government would enter the market probably in August or September next according to requirements. Reservation is made as usual that Government may alter these plans hereafter if it thinks fit, but the present intention is to borrow 120 lakhs this year, and not three crores. The introduction of the Bill was then agreed to, and the meeting adjourned to this day week.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

POONA, JULY 8.

Major Chance, R. A., D. A. A.-G., Sind district, having been appointed to officiate as Asst. A.-G. on District Staff in Bombay Command, is posted to Quetta district. Surgeon Lieut.-Col. McCloghey, I. M. S. held charge of the current duties of Principal Medical Officer, Sind district, from 19th May to 9th June, 1898, inclusive, as additional duty under Article 188, Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Part I.

Under instructions received from Army Head Quarters, India, it is intimated that Capt. Coxhead, D.S.O., No. 18 Company Western Division, R.A., has been appointed Adjutant, R.A., Bombay, vice Capt. Chanter, appointed D.A.A.G., R.A., Punjab Command.

Under instructions from War Office, it is intimated that Lieut. Kemble, No. 3 Company Eastern Division, has been transferred to 22nd Field Battery, R.A., vice Lieut. Luke, appointed to the Mountain Artillery.

Under instructions from War Office, Major Outtley, Yorkshire Light Infantry, is directed to proceed to England to join 1st Battn., to which he has been posted on promotion, travelling at the public expense.

Captain Birch, South Lancashire Regiment, is directed to proceed to England to join the 1st Battalion, to which he has been posted on promotion travelling at public expense.

It is notified that Major Bewicks, 2nd Battalion, Manchester Regiment, will be returned on retired pay on 2nd August, 1898, under provision of Article 516 of Royal Warrant for pay and promotion, and he is permitted to proceed to England on or after that date, travelling at the public expense.

The undermentioned officers are reported to have passed the required examination in the following languages:—Urdu High Proficiency Test—Major Kreyer, 16th Bo. L. Offg. Cantonment Magistrate, Nasserabad. Urdu Higher Standard—Lieut.-Col. Whitby, Durham Light Infantry; Capt. Harvey, Royal Irish Rifles; Lieut. Trotter, 2nd Bo. Grenadiers. Urdu Lower Standard—2nd Lieutenant White, Royal Irish Rifles; Surgeon Lieutenant Sealy, I. M. S. Persian Higher Standard—Surgeon Captain Cleveland, I. M. S., 3rd Bombay Cavalry. Biluchi Higher Standard—Captain Mullaley, R. E.

Nursing Sister Faweus, of the Indian Nursing Service, was granted 3 months' leave, on medical certificate, in India, from 24th February, 1898.

The undermentioned officer, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty: Lieutenant Griffith, 2nd Bombay Lancers.

The undermentioned officer have leave of absence: Yorkshire Light Infy. (2nd Bn.)—Lieut. Tulloch, 6 months, on medical certificate, out of India. Manchester Regt. (2nd Bn.)—Capt. Williamson, 3 months, on private affairs, out of India. Army Medical Staff—Surgeon Capt. French, 6 months, on medical certificate, out of India. Royal Artillery—Major Goulburn, 27th F. B., 3 months, on private affairs, out of India. Extension:—Royal Irish Regiment—Lieutenant Daniell, from 21st August to 20th October, 1898, on private affairs, in extension of leave granted in Punjab Command Order. Highland Light Infantry—2nd Lieutenant Buist, from 22nd June to 7th September, 1898, on medical certificate, granted by War Office in extension of leave granted in Bombay Command Order No. 52 of 1898.; Army Medical Staff—Surgeon-Captain Slaytor, from 21st June to 20th August, 1898, on medical certificate, granted by War Office in extension of leave granted in Bombay Command Order No. 600 of 1897.

THE SIMLA BRIBERY CASE.

SUIT AGAINST THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

SECUNDERABAD, JULY 8.

Moulvie Syed Mahomed Yusuffudin, who figured so prominently recently in connection with the Simla bribery affair, has filed a suit in the court of the Superintendent Residency, against the Secretary of State for India in Council, for damages extending Rs. 3,31,500 for wrongful arrest and confinement.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL

The following passengers are booked to proceed by the P. and O. Company's steamer Clyde, Captain C. T. Fraser, R.N., to Aden, Brindisi, Marseilles and London, to-day:—

FOR ADEN.

Merwanjee Maneckjee, Mr

FOR BRINDISI.

Vibart, Mr A L

Loveson, Mr

FOR MARSEILLES

Atkinson, Major C E
Cotton, Mr W L
Fleming, Mr C A
Greenbaun, Mr L
Hitchcock, Mr C
Huggins, Col P G
Illington, Surg-Lieut
Jeffery, Mr H J F
O'Donoghue, Assist-Surg
Penfound, Mr A

FOR LONDON.

Adam, Capt F L
Billing, Mr and Mrs W
Blachford, Mr C
Benning, Mr R
Bathgate, Mr R G
Farmer, Dr W H
Harrison, Mr
Hassman, Mrs
Hawkins, Mr
McWhinnie, Mr
Reed, Mr E
Smith, Lieut Skiffington
Temple, Mr C F
Vinal, Mr J H
Woodham, Capt B
Woodham, Mrs
Woodland, Mr W B
Williams, Mr G E

RELAPSING FEVER.

Two cases of relapsing fever were yesterday stopped at the Bandora Railway station and sent to the Arthur Road Hospital. Both cases had come from upcountry. It is evident, therefore, that relapsing fever exists outside Bombay.

TABLE TALK.

(BY WALTER BESANT.)

LONDON, JUNE 18.

If you want to break down, to be covered with confusion, to look foolish and to feel small, you may attempt to realise the vast armies, hosts, multitudes of the working classes in London. I speak from experience. I am always trying, and I never succeed. For instance, I have recently been very much interested in South London. This huge cantle of the city contains, as I said the other day, very nearly two millions of people, including, in fact, the whole of London south of the river. Of these two millions it has been estimated that there are 500,000 souls living in the flats or model lodging houses, of which there are such huge blocks in Southwark, Bermondsey, and elsewhere. The imagination reels at the very thought of this mighty host. Remember that seventy years ago it was not in existence; a few mean little streets; a few narrow and foul courts contained all the working class of South London. These armies have sprung suddenly into existence; they are only beginning to exist; as a body without as yet union or a cause, they are only beginning. The kind of life we have provided for them and for their children is only beginning; we know not, yet, what will be the fruits; we do not guess what will be the outcome; we have not asked ourselves what will be the effect upon the children. Consider; we have ordered them to grow up all together in houses all alike to learn the same lessons, to play in the same yards; one with another to live the same lives; to have the same holiday; to fare on the same food, to enjoy day after day the same monotony. After all, life is never monotonous so long as it is not caged; the cages of these children have open doors. Then every single soul of the whole multitude has its own individual hopes. This is the fact that crushes one. As for the dulness, if the children are imaginative, it vanishes; if they are not imaginative, they would be dull if they lived in Vallombrosa itself.

As for the lodgings themselves, if they are monotonous they are sweet and blissful compared with the courts in which they had to live formerly. Which would you have—one of a boundless contiguity of chambers all similar and similarly situated, like the triangles in Euclid's Sixth Book, or an Augean Stable with no Hercules coming along, hose and water tap in hand! I think you would prefer clean and respectable monotony. For instance, I have just been taken over the newest flats of South London, those called the Guinness Trust, now in course of construction. Every new barrack you see improves upon its predecessor in comfort and handiness. These, for instance, are much better than any others that I have seen. There are five sets of rooms—or flats—to every landing. Each set contains three rooms, viz., a keeping or living room near two bedrooms. They are small but they are convenient. The living room is provided with a kitchen range, a cupbard for pantry, dishes, and coals; shelves also for anything you please. The bedrooms, one of which has a fireplace, are provided with cupboards. Outside, not in the rooms, hot and cold water is laid on, so that one need not light a fire in order to make a cup of tea. Also, outside, there is a laundry on every flat, each tenant having the use of it on one day in the week. The rent for all this accommodation is only six shillings a week. To outsiders the look of the place suggests something of a prison; I daresay the people themselves restrict their imaginations to the neighbours of the same landing, and do not feel it that way.

Southwark must be approached with some knowledge of its history; not much, but some. For instance, we shall understand it better if we really understand that, a hundred years ago, the country to east and west of the High-street, south of Tooley-street, and east and west of the Bermondsey-road, was a broad stretch of flat, alluvial land, intersected with streams and dotted with ponds, and covered with splendid trees and fertile gardens. Even now, in our walks about the streets, one lights upon houses, cottages, bits of garden, which recall the past. Opposite the Guinness's lodging-houses I saw a tiny cottage, still with its palings in front and its verandah propped on poles, which belonged to the time when this place was Snow's Fields; there is a little terrace, called the Pond Terrace, behind Guy's Hospital, which also belongs to the time of ponds and streams. These places grow scarcer every day, so that it is well to mark them all before they vanish. Some of the courts belong to the time when there was Sanctuary here, and they retain a few of the pleasing characteristics of Sanctuary. Something hard drops on your hat from a first floor window; water may descend, but not from the skies; a piece of broken plate makes a handy missile, directed at the face of the intruder. If you don't mind these little pleasantries you can go on and make your observations. The children, for instance, are arresting—did you ever see such quantities of children? What do you think of them? Are they not well dressed, well fed, chubby, and reasonably clean? Bits of bread lie about; there is no privation among them. Again, in another respect the historical observer cannot but remark on the improvement in them. A hundred years ago a large proportion of these children would have been deformed, crippled, or hunchbacked—afflictons caused by the neglect of their drunken mothers. These worthy matrons are now sitting on the doorsteps, their hair combed—it used to hang in rats' tails—orderly and neatly dressed—it will not explain in this place how they used to dress themselves. Who shall pretend that the world has not improved? Patience! Patience! Things march. We feel our way; we learn by suffering. The mills of God grind slowly; but they do grind; they do grind.

More temptation. It is renewed every year. Some day I shall succumb. Once more, then, I receive an invitation to take a ticket in the Hamburg State Lottery. It comes with every spring, bringing possible sunshine and promise halcyon days. The odd thing is that no one seems to take up the matter and to inquire what it means; if it is a *bona fide* State lottery; if the facts and figures set forth in the prospectus are true or not; and, if they are to be explained. For instance, my prospectus informs me on one side of the page that the total number of prizes amounts to 9,070,510 marks, or £453,525 10s., and on the other side that it amounts to £588,226 5s. Both these statements cannot be correct. Again, the prospectus tells us on one side that there are only 11,000 tickets for 53,150 prizes, whilst the other tells me that there are 56,450 prizes. Both statements cannot be correct. Again, there are seven classes; the price of the tickets vary from 6s., the lowest, to 26s., the highest. If we suppose an average of 20s. we have £118,000 realised by the sale. Out of this there has to be paid the prizes, amounting to £588,000 odd. Who pays the the difference? The City of Hamburg? Really! What for? Out of pure benevolence? There seems to me something a little wrong here. One may be mistaken; still, where so much is promised—nothing short of a grant by the City of Hamburg of nearly half a million—would it not be well if some enterprising paper were to send a representative to Hamburg on June 23—next week, that is to say—just to witness the first drawing, and to report upon the whole matter? If it is all right, I really think that we may begin to preach industriously the perils and dangers and the wickedness and folly of taking lottery tickets at all.

In last week's *Spectator* was found one of those excellent social essays which distinguish that paper. It was an essay on "Precariousness," meaning the danger of prosperity, of the means of livelihood even, vanishing away. In other words, it is not the danger of disease and death that is most feared; it is not the curse of labour that is most felt; it is the, danger that the income will disappear; that the professional services will no longer be required; that the berth which provides his means of livelihood may be lost. The artisan finds younger men taking his place; the journalist finds himself allowed out by the younger men, the popular novelist sees the new comer seizing on his popularity; the actor fears to grow old; they know very well that once out of the groove it is almost impossible to get back again. All this is very true, and there can be no greater misery than to fail. Then the *Spectator*, in haste to prove by illustration, says that the ruined shopkeeper has got to become a shopman for the rest of his life. Not at all. How the ruined shopkeeper lives is a mystery; sometimes he becomes a "reader" on two shillings a day; you may find him pottering about the slush of the road with holes in his boots on a cold November day. But he is not a shopman. The ex-shopkeeper knows too much to be a shopman. Again, the essayist says that a clerk who has been dismissed must be content to lose a third of his income. The poor wretch probably has to lose it all; he is lucky indeed if he can get any berth anywhere, on any terms. Lastly the *Spectator* clinches the argument by the statement that domestic servants are "literally almost maddened with pecuniary care." A man who has been married for a quarter of a century ought to know something about this branch of the subject. I have never known a single case of the kind; I have made inquiry and can find none. This is a way of writing loosely about social matters which goes a long way to spoiling an otherwise instructive paper. These so-called illustrations, in short, betray ignorance, and produce a sense of irritation just when the paper was creating its intended interest in the mind of the reader.

In other respects "Precariousness does make one think. For instance, it is partly due to the thriftlessness of the people. But if the people became thrifty the people would lose their enterprise. The least thrifty and the most energentic people in the world are the Americans. It is good for us in the world to be constantly stimulated to work by necessity; very good: nothing better could happen to us. At the same time any statesman who could invent a system of insurance by which every man or woman disabled at or after the age of sixty-five should receive a pension would remove from the world a great cause of this feeling of precariousness. It would not remove the necessity for work—that wholesome stimulus would remain; it would simply assure to everyone that, if life was prolonged beyond sixty-five or so, it should be life without worry about work and maintenance. For my own part, I hark back to my old position. It is quite possible to lay upon the young man between the ages of eighteen and thirty the whole burden of providing their pensions; and this by the simple expedient of taxing wages and salaries at a time when the family is small and the children, if any, young. The writer of this essay thinks that this thing could be done by societies with lecturers. The difficulty of persuasion would, I believe, prove insurmountable. When the working classes are persuaded to insure they are found to drop their insurances on the smallest provocation. Nothing but a national and compulsory system would be possible, and then only if the bulk of the working men saw the advantages of laying the whole burden upon themselves when they were young.

I have just chanced upon certain notes of a visit paid ten years ago to an intetesting place of work for men and women, but chiefly women. The time was ten years ago; perhaps the place has been swept away; it must have been removed, not abolished, because the reasons of its existence cannot be abolished. A canal ran conveniently beside the workshop, and a barge was in waiting. There were heaps of black rubbish, with bits of broken glass, scraps of metal, bottles, paper, bits of woollen stuffs, broken wood, coals and coke, and cinders—in a word, it was a dust heap, and the men and women were employed in the delightful task of sifting the stuff, under the supervision of a contractor or head man. According to my recollection, the women were all young; they were dressed in some coarse stuff, with bare arms, bare heads, and bare necks, all for coolness and convenience; they wore long leather aprons; the day was fine and the work was carried on in the open air; in rainy weather they worked in sheds. The men had broad shovels, the women sieves; the men shovelled the stuff into the sieves; the women sifted it. The small cinders and dust which falls through is shovelled into a separate heap; it goes to brickmakers at, I believe, a price. As for the rest, it is also carefully divided and piled in separate heaps. The unbroken bottles are piled together—they are valuable; the scrap iron goes into the barge—you may see rows of barges off Bankside loaded with scrap iron. I was told it goes to Germany. The broken glass is piled apart; the pottery and broken earthenware go to the road makers; coals and coke are useful to anyone. All day long hard toil goes on; the women are as strong as the men; their arms and wrists are as big. Sometimes a girl will exchange the sieve for the shovel, as a distraction; she handles the heavy thing quite as well as any man. It is whispered that the girls drink as much, smoke as much, and use "language" as much as the men. In fact, it is not a profession which readily lends itself to the higher things. The smell of the place is painful, to put it mildly, to the more delicate observer; the work belongs essentially and entirely to the primeval curse of labour; it is said that it leads to consumption. Perhaps so; but my recollection is of a company of women looking strong enough for anything. There are prizes—great prizes—in the profession. Hush! Look as if you were not looking; turn half away. In the last sieve but one—the last—something glitters; the girl glances round; the contractor's head is turned; her hand darts upon the object with the swiftness of one who undergoes the ordeal by water; her companions crowd round her, but without appearing to notice. In a moment it is thrust into her bosom; the contractor has not seen; they are all working away as if nothing had happened. What is it? Anything—a twopenny brooch; a gold watch; a glass jewel in a brass ring; a diamond spray; a necklace; a gold chain: a silver spoon—anything. If it were not for the prizes, who would follow any profession? Who would become a barrister, for instance—a member of a most laborious profession, in which the hours are sometimes I am credibly informed, as much as sixteen and seventeen a day—if it were not for the prizes? So with the dust sifters, my friends, I do hope that this poor girl chanced upon a chain all of real gold!

THE EXTRAVAGANT USE OF WATER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In the letter addressed to the Corporation by the Municipal Commissioner recommending the introduction of the water system in connection with the distribution of water in the city of Bombay, he may seem to have utilized, in support of his proposal, every inch of argument that he could avail himself of. We shall depend upon the energy of the really diligent members of the Corporation to turn up the old files for the glaring evidence of promises once made of the supply of water to the individual Taxpayer daily when the project was considered, launched, and carried out of the Great Tansa Water Works, an monumental work of the local self-Government of Bombay; and to compare the estimates, facts and figures then held out with what is being said now, or with such statements as when the population is at least 900,000, the present water supply under existing conditions will be wholly inadequate. To increase the supply it would be necessary to duplicate the 48" siphons on the Tansa line or 27½ miles of piping, &c.," leaving the Corporation to look thoroughly into the arguments employed by the Commissioner I beg to be allowed to notice only one of them, viz., "there can be no doubt that the major part of the water brought in is absolutely run to waste, to escape over the high level overflow at the filtrings, but principally through the taps being deliberately left running. The inspectors searching for leaks at night report that they constantly hear water going through unknown connections. . . . So much water is wasted that even at night the Tansa main never fills up sufficiently to overflow at Ghat Kooper," &c. I believe, sir, that our Municipal Act provides for efficiently bringing to book such persons who may be "deliberately leaving taps running" and allowing the water absolutely to run to waste. Hence the questions naturally arise how many cases of such delinquencies have been reported by the inspectors, and dealt with from month to month or year to year; whether the power of inflicting punishments was used, how and in how many cases; what punishments were inflicted; whether such punishments as have been under the law allowed and as were inflicted were inadequate or inefficient to produce the desired deterrent effect. If the power given by the Act is not used and the remedy for the evil foreseen and provided against is not employed, it may be deemed as very undesirable to use, as has been used, the above-quoted complaint by way of argument for supporting the proposal of the adoption of water meter system. If, however, the punishments inflicted on delinquents have been found inefficacious, the Act may be so amended as may allow efficacious and deterrent punishments. If this be done the principal cause of waste of "the major part of the water brought in" may be removed to a very great extent indeed. If the Commissioner is apprehensive of the water-supply being "wholly inadequate" when the population is 900,000, it would be desirable to stop entirely water-supply for gardening purposes. Strange to say, the Commissioner's attention is not at all drawn to this significant item of the very great waste of water, especially in the localities that have no drains to flush. I may be allowed to add that the working of the meter system will bring its own evils along with it, which the general body of tax-payers will by all means find most disagreeable, whilst the Municipal coffer may not be able to replenish itself as is so highly theoretically calculated.—Yours, &c.,

July 8. SHAPOORJEE SORABJEE.

A RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GRIEVANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I do not exactly know whose duty it is to look after the convenience of passengers and the proper timing of trains on the B. B. and C. I. R. line. The over-crowding in the 9-30, 9-40, and 10-3 trains from Grant Road is something intolerable. For instance, the second-class compartment labelled to hold ten contains no less than four and twenty, passengers of which some sixteen sit packed like sardines, and over half-a-dozen others remain all the time on their legs. The struggle at the Grant Road station to get seats is a sight worth seeing any day. Of course, the passengers on the Churni Road and Marine Lines stations have never the ghost of a chance to obtain a seat. I believe this inconvenience is caused by the wretched timing and irregular arrival of trains. The 9-17 train being a fast train stops only at the Churni Gate station. The 9-33 and 9-40 trains are always behind time. Anybody having common sense would see that College students and school-boys can never do at their College or school by ten. And now that they have been deprived of the half-pass privilege they have caused them a real complaint. The station-master has appealed to throws up his hands and eyes in a way which plainly demonstrates than any remonstrance addressed to him might as well be addressed to the air. Anybody who has to travel second-class for ladies is very scanty. A single second-class compartment with the 10-3 up and 4-30 down train is totally insufficient for the ladies, and there should be a double compartment reserved for them. It would be much better if between 9 and 10-30 a.m. and 4-30 and 6 p.m. the up and down trains run without fail at an interval of not more than 15 minutes between two trains.—Yours, &c.,

July 8. A PASS-HOLDER.

THERE is a rumour current in Simla that India has hardly yet seen the last of the Hyderabad bribery case. It is stated that the defendant Yusuff-ud-din intends to sue the Secretary of State for India for about four lakhs of rupees for alleged wrongful acts by the Deputy Commissioner of Simla.

AN important judgment has been delivered by the Second Judge in the Calcutta Small Cause Court in a life policy case. There are three claimants for the sum of Rs. 966, deposited in Court by the British Empire Mutual Life Assurance Company which has no interest in the money. The first claimant claims on the ground of the policy having been assigned to him by the deceased for valuable consideration received; the second as widow of the deceased; the third because he has obtained a decree against the estate of the deceased for Rs. 500 and has attached the money in the hands of the company. The Court held that the assignment to the first claimant was good and valid, and that he is entitled to the money which should be paid over to him, after deducting the costs incurred by the company: the other claimants to bear their own costs. It was also held that the third claimant's claim was barred by limitation.

A COPY of "Picturesque Ceylon," an illustrated description of the island by Henry W. Cave, M.A., F.R.G.S., Member of the Royal Asiatic Society, was presented to H. I. M. the Emperor of Austria on the occasion of his Majesty's Jubilee by the Planters' Association of Ceylon. The volume is bound in crocodile leather chosen from a very fine skin. The ends inside are of silk, and all the plates, of which upwards of one hundred are interspersed with the letterpress, are mounted upon silk guards. The mounting is of solid silver, and has been engraved in very high relief by the best artists that could be engaged for the purpose in London. The Austrian Coat of Arms is in the centre. The top front corner represents Hindu emblems, with the gold Subramanian and a cobra with hood erect. The bottom corner of the front consists of Buddhist emblems, with sedent figures of Buddha and the Thuparama Dagaba. The back corners are in intaglio. The clasp is composed of a massive elephant's head hinged to a moonstone elaborately chased in high relief to exact representation of the fine Anuradhapura. The under fi intaglio. The size of the volume 2 inches thick. The cost of the

THE POONA SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 7.

THE Poona season has begun at last, and invitations for balls, dinners and parties of every description are rushing in so far. Nothing tragical has happened (as it so often does here) to depress us at the outset of the season. Plague and famine troubles are in abeyance, and although another outbreak of the former is feared, when the rains and damp weather are upon us—and without rain and damp weather another famine is imminent,—still at present all runs smoothly. Pessimistic people are in the minority, and we all intend to have a good time as long as we can.

On Wednesday, the 29th, the first public function of His Excellency Lord Sandhurst, since his return here, took place, when all the civil and military officers were received by his Excellency at the Council Hall. The number of attendances at the Levee, this year was certainly larger than at the same period last season. The seats in the galleries were allotted to ladies, who flocked thither in great numbers, all in the smartest of smart costumes, and looked down on the brilliant scene with considerable interest, and doubtless their remarks—could we but have heard them—would have taken the conceit out of most of us.

The Durham Light Infantry supplied the Guard-of-Honour, and very smart the men looked drawn up outside the Council Hall awaiting the arrival of the Governor. The band of the same regiment was located in the garden, and played a charming selection of music during the reception. The Governor arrived punctually at 4-30, accompanied by Captain Heneage, A.-D.-C., and Major Owen, Military Secretary. The ceremony of presentation then began, those who had the right of private entree being the first to be presented to his Excellency. The reception lasted about half-an-hour, after which Lord Sandhurst went out and inspected the Guard-of-Honour, and then drove back in state to Ganeshkhind.

The officers of the Royal Artillery, who have been so sporting, and hospitable all through the hot weather season were once more "At Home" at Kirkee on June 30th, when a capital programme of regimental sports was gone through, and the finals of a series of contests previously competed for were got off. In spite of a sharp shower, which came on early in the afternoon, a large number of people drove out from Poona to witness the sports, and happily the weather cleared up later on, and a very enjoyable afternoon was spent. Amongst those present were his Excellency Lord Sandhurst, Sir Charles Ollivant, and the Misses Ollivant, Lieutenant-General Duncan, Captain Duncan, A.-D.-C., and Miss Duncan, General and Mrs. Spragg, and many others. Some of the competitions were extremely interesting, especially the wheel and potting races, the finishes of which were very close, and were watched with much excitement. The wand race, which was competed for in sections, and consisted in riding in and out between posts placed in the ground at intervals, was a pretty and interesting event, and was skilfully gone through. At the close of the sports Mrs. Fenton distributed the prizes to the various winners.

The first meet of the Poona and Kirkee foxhounds came off on Saturday, the 2nd, at Bund Bridge, at 6-30 a.m. The hounds are a fine lot and looked in good condition. We had a pleasant little spin, and killed in the open, soon after which, the hounds being new to the country, were taken home.

On Monday last, the third subscription dance at the Gymkhana took place, and was well attended by all the beauty and fashion of Poona. I noticed a great many new faces and a lot of old frocks. The new ones are no doubt being reserved to make their début at Government House ball and other large functions.

On Wednesday, his Excellency Lord Sandhurst was "At Home" to all the gentlemen, European and Native, and their families of Poona and Kirkee society. This being the first garden party of the season would doubtless have been very largely attended had it not been that the clerk of the weather (who evidently has a grudge against all out-door functions at Government House) arranged a steady downpour of rain which did not leave off till nearly 5 o'clock. A great many people, however, managed to put in an appearance, and the weather clearing up a most enjoyable evening was spent. The guests were received at the door by Captain Greig and Resaldar Shaik Abdul Karim, the A.-D.-C's. in-waiting, and conducted inside by Captain Berkeley-Levett and Captain Young, where they were received by his Excellency Lord Sandhurst. A great point of interest was the new portrait of Lord Harris in his robes of state by Herkomen, which was hung in the dining room. His Excellency's Band played a selection of music throughout the afternoon, and as it was too wet to play any games most of the people contented themselves by sitting in the ball room or walking about on the gravel outside the house.

The dresses were not as smart as usual, owing I suppose to the threatening state of the weather. I noticed, nevertheless, some very pretty dresses. One lady looked very pretty in a pale blue costume and tiny toque to match. Another costume of black and white took my fancy greatly. One lady looked both smart and sensible (an unusual and rather difficult combination) in a tight fitting white serge with a good deal of braiding about it. A few people looked unhappy in white muslins, while others looked equally cheery and comfortable in their everyday coats and skirts with a "Sunday hat" thrown in out of compliment to Government House. I missed a great many familiar faces, kept away doubtless by the rain.

REVIEWS.

LONDON AND PARIS THROUGH INDIAN SPECTACLES, by G. P. Pillai, B.A.—Mr. Pillai, the Madras journalist, who published some time ago a book of Indian biographies called *Representative Indians* has now issued in a collected form the letters that he wrote to his Madras paper during his trip last year to Europe. Mr. Eardley Norton

sown strait under the guns of its fortification[s] bearding the lion in his den," and destroying a fleet superior in numbers to his own.

That is the American spirit, and before the war is ended we will demonstrate to the nations of Europe the fighting force of the American soldier.

It is reported that Admiral Camara is on his way to Manila with his fleet of iron clads, and an army of 10,000 men, but he is too late in going there.

I think it was the Rosea Bigelow papers that said :

" Thrice armed is he who hath his quarrel just.
Four times armed who gets his blow in first.."

We have got our blow in first at Manila, and when Camara arrives there he will find both the harbour and city occupied by Admiral Dewey and General Merritt, and all of the Army and Navy of Spain cannot dislodge them.

In considering the fighting strength of the United States, it must be remembered that the entire country is now a unit, from the lakes to the gulf, and from ocean to ocean, that there is now as much patriotism in the South as in the North and all are ready to make any sacrifices of men and money in the defence and honour of the Flag, and when we come upon Cuba's battlefields, we will stand shoulder to shoulder and show the soldiers of worn-out Spain that Republican Americans are more than their equals with all of their boasted bravery and cruelty.

I hope and trust the time will come when that beautiful isle of the sea " the Pearl of the Antilles," may catch the inspiration that comes from our Republic, and in time under the guidance of our nation, build up a civilization that shall justify the sacrifices we are now making for them.

With the patriotism of the American people, and an army and navy unsurpassed in valour and deeds of daring, I will have no doubt of the final result of the present war, and when the settlement is made, whether it be to retain possession of the Philippines, and hold Porto Rico, and establish a free and independent Government in Cuba, I have an abiding faith in the wisdom and patriotism of our rulers that it will redound to the honour and glory of our country, and that we, as citizens of the United States, will have greater cause to be proud of our citizenship, and our glorious Flag the symbol of freedom throughout the world. "

THE FRONTIER CAMPAIGN.

THE GRANT OF GRATUITIES.

[WITH reference to G. G. O. No. 673, dated the 17th June, 1898, sanctioning the issue of a gratuity to all officers, non-commissioned officers and men, and regimental followers, including Imperial Service troops engaged in the recent operations on the North-West Frontier, the following details are now published regarding the troops who will share in the gratuity, and the number of shares admissible to each class &c.

The troops who will share in this gratuity are as detailed below—

(*a*) All troops which formed part of the Tochi Field Force between the 10th June, 1897, and the 30th January, 1898, inclusive.

(*b*) All troops which formed part of the Malakhand garrison and Malakhand Field Force between the 26th July, 1897, and 23rd January, 1898, inclusive.

(*c*) All troops which formed part of the Mohmand Field Force between the 13th September, 1897, and the 8th October, 1897, inclusive.

(*d*) All troops which formed part of the garrisons of, and were present at, Jamrud, Hari Singh-ka-Burj, Bara and all outposts south of the line Jamrud—Peshawar between the 23rd August, 1897, and the 6th April, 1898, inclusive.

(*e*) All troops which formed part of the garrisons of, and were present at, the posts on the Samana, and posts beyond Kohat, from Kohat to Para Chinar, between the 27th August, 1897, and the 2nd October, 1897, inclusive.

(*f*) All troops which took part in the action at the Ublan Pass on the 27th August, 1897, and subsequent actions on the Samana and beyond Kohat up to the 2nd October, 1897, inclusive.

(*g*) All troops forming part of the Tirah Expeditionary Force, which proceeded beyond either Kohat or Peshawar between the 2nd October, 1897, and the 6th April, 1898, inclusive.

(*h*) All troops which formed part of the Kurram Moveable Column between the 2nd October, 1897, and the 21st January 1898, inclusive.

(*i*) All troops which formed part of the Peshawar Column, afterwards the 5th Brigade of the Tirah Expeditionary Force, between the 2nd October, 1897 and the 6th April 1898, inclusive.

(*j*) All troops which took part in the Utman Kel operations between the 22nd November and the 5th December, 1897 inclusive.

(*k*) All troops which formed part of the Buner Field Force between the 7th and the 19th January, 1898.

The gratuity will also be admissible to the heirs of those killed in the action, or who died of disease during the operations, but no corps or individual shall be eligible for more than one grant of gratuity, whether employed in two or more operations or not.

The gratuity will be issued at the rate of Rs. 24 per share to all British commissioned, warrant, and non-commissioned officers, and privates, according to the rank or relative rank of the recipient, upon the following scale :—General 400, shares, Lieutenan-General 152. Major-General 70 with 100 shares, extra, if in Chief Command, and Brigadier General 57, with 50 shares extra if in Chief Command,

Colonel on the Staff, Surgeon-Colonel, 40 ; Colonel Lieutenant-Colonel, Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel. Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel 32 ; Major, Surgeon-Major Veterinary Major 16 ; Captain, Surgeon-Captain, Veterinary-Captain, 12 ; Chaplain, Church of England or Scotland, Senior Chaplain, 16 Junior Chaplain, 12 ; Chaplain, non-Conformist, 12 ; Chaplain, Roman Catholic, 12 ; Lieutenant, Surgeon-Lieutenant, Veterinary-Lieuten

Warrant Officer. 4.

[illegible] shoes, Class II, shares 2 1-2 ; Class [illegible] Class IV, 1 1-2 shares ; Class V,

gratuity to the Native troops will be issued [illegible] scale :—Risaldar-major, subadar-[illegible] subadar, ressaldar, wordie major [illegible] dar R. 48 ; Dafadar ; havildar, including [illegible] of artillery drivers ; farrier-major ; [illegible] trumpet-major ; hospital assistant Rs. 24 ; Naick (including naick of artillery drivers) Rs. 16 ; Sub-hospital assistant, private, farrier, salutri trumpeter, drummer, fifer, bugler, driver of artillery Rs. 12.

3. The gratuity is admissible to all regimental followers who were not in receipt of an increase of 50 per cent to their pay ; two-fifths of the gratuity admissible to a havildar of Native Infantry being granted to the superior class of followers as defined in Article 456, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, and tow-thirds of the gratuity admissible to a sepoy, to the inferior class of followers, whose pay is below Rs. 10 a month.

8. The gratuity is also admissible to Imperial Service troops on the same terms as to the troops of the regular native army.

7. The gratuity will be paid in anticipation of audit, bills for the same being afterwards promptly sent for audit to the pay examiner of the Command to which the troops belong, supported by nominal rolls and a certificate from the Officer Commanding or Head of the Department, that the officers or men for whom the gratuity is claimed were actually employed in one or more of the operations as above detailed.

8. In the case of Imperial Service troops, bills should be prepared by the Inspecting Officer of the troops, and submitted with supporting documents to the Pay Examiner, Punjab Command, who will, in the usual way, remit the amount passed, after audit.

SIR HENRY IRVING AT CAMBRIDGE.

THE recipients of honorary degrees at Cambridge on June 16, in addition o Sir H. Irving, were the Italian Ambassador (General Ferrero), the Right Hon. Sir Nathaniel Lindley (Master of the Rolls), the Right Hon. Leonard Courtney, M.P., and Professor Albert Venn Dicey (Doctors in Law) ; the Right Hon James Bryce, M. P., Sir E. J. Poynter (President of the Royal Academy), Dr. Edward Caird (Master of Ballioi), and Mr. Francis Cranmer Penrose (late President of the Royal Institute of British Architects) (Doctors in Letters) ; and Mr. Charles Booth, the author of " Life and Labour of the London Poor" (Doctor in Science). Two others Sir William Turner, Professor of Anatomy in the University of Edinburgh, and Mr. S. R. Gardiner, the well-known historian, were not present to receive their degrees. Preceded by the esquire bedells, carrying their silver staves, and the Vice-Chancellor, in scarlet and ermine, with the Registrary, the recipients of Academic honours, wearing the robes belonging to the distinction conferred upon them, walked in procession from the Arts School to the Senate House. Here the task devolved upon Dr. Sandys, as Public Orator, of extolling the attainments of each in turn, and—what must have been far more difficult—of making himself heard, in the language of Caesar, above the engaging commentary kept up with the voice of stentors by the amiable, but facetious undergraduates assembled in the gallery. " Don't you believe all that," shouted one during the oration in praise of Mr. Courtney. " Oh, you funny man," yelled another, as the moment when the unabashed orator was apostrophising in his most eloquent vein the Master of the Rolls, and when the time came for Sir Henry Irving to receive his laurels, the young enthusiasts insisted upon acclaiming him—musically, of course—" a jolly good fellow," but this, in spite, bolder and more original than the rest, gave utterance in the tones of a basso profundo to the words " Rest, rest, perturbed spirit." At a later stage one of the " irrepressibles" assured the orator that he had " sent Sir Henry to sleep," but this, in truth, was a libel both on the actor and on Dr. Sandys. There was, indeed, nothing in the least soporific about the proceedings, and the final word had been spoken and the Vice-Chancellor had shaken hands with the last of those who stood to receive the coveted distinction, it was agreed by all present that a ceremony fraught with greater interest and more enthusiasm had not been witnessed within the oaken walls of the Senate House.

A MISSING BARONET.

ALLEGED PERSONATION.

THE charge of making false entries in the marriage register of St. Peter's, Eaton-square, against William Runciman, 42, was concluded before Mr. Marsham, at the Westminster Police-court, on June 16, the Treasury leaving the more serious allegation against the prisoner of contracting a bigamous marriage in the false name of Sir Granville Temple to be dealt with on another occasion, on the arrival of a witness from the United States.

Captain George Goldie deposed, that he formerly knew the real Sir Granville Louis Temple, Bart., who was an officer in the old 20th Regiment of Foot, now a regiment of the Lancashire Fusiliers. Witness last saw the real baronet in London in February, 1878, when he was getting his outfit preparatory to joining his regiment. Sir Granville had guardians, his parents being dead.

Mr. Williamson : So far as you know is the real baronet alive ?—Witness : I know nothing of his whereabouts at all. He has disappeared for years. But the prisoner is not the man—his nose and hair are quite dissimilar to the Sir Granville I knew.

Detective-sergeant Scott put in the prisoner's certificate of birth at Chelsea in July, 1850, his father Wm. Runciman being then described as a house porter.

Mr. Marsham fully committed the prisoner for trial on the charge of falsifying a marriage register, but the bigamy charge has yet to be fully gone into.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO or Pearl Dentifrice whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, and sweetens the breath; is free from any acid or gritty ingredients, and being most beautifully perfumed, it is the most delightful tooth powder in use. Sold by Chemists and Stores. Ask for Rowland's Odonto, of 20, Hatton Garden, London. and avoid worthless and noxious imitations.

A POPULAR ACTOR'S LIFE.

BIOGRAPHY OF THE LATE WILLIAM TERRISS.

"A BRIEF, disjointed, and all unworthy memoir of a good fellow" is the description which Mr. Smythe in his life of the late Mr. William Terriss applies to his own work. No small proportion of these pages is taken up with matter of that idle kind, but writes a London reviewer we do not remember to have met before with a collection of anecdotes of this description so pointless and so puerile as the majority of those with which the author has filled out his chapters. Here is a sample : "When we were one day walking out together he remarked, 'You see that nice old lady with the white curls coming along. I am going to kiss her.' And without more ado, he went up to the old dame and kissed her. To the naturally indignant exclamation, 'How dare you, sir!' Terriss, not a whit abashed, and with the self-command of a perfect actor, replied,—'Your name, I think, is Jones.' No thing of the sort,' she cried ; 'my name is Smith.' I forget now whether this was her exact cognomen. 'Oh, said he, 'I have made a most unfortunate mistake. I quite thought you were my grandmother ; you are the very image of her.' Whereupon he took off his hat, and was so profuse in his apologies that, before he left her, the old lady beamed with smiles, and appeared quite enchanted with his politeness."

This story purports to be given in the words of Mr. Terriss's friend, Dr. George Field.

Mr. Smythe's memoir will dispel at least one current error regarding his hero's early life. The renowned T. P. Cooke, most celebrated of stage sailors—to whose famous part of William in "Black-Eyed Susan" Mr. Terriss, it will be remembered, succeeded, had been a man-o'-war's man, and it has often been stated that the spirit and truthfulness of Mr. Terriss's impersonations of sailor heroes were attributable to the circumstance that before he was an actor he was an officer in the Queen's Navy. As a fact, however, Mr. Terriss was never in the navy, and although we have here a reproduction of a photograph of him in a seafaring cap and jacket, his connection even with the Merchant Service was of the most shadowy description. Like other boys who have read Robinson Crusoe and Jules Verne's stories, he thought he would like to go to sea, and even sailed as a "middy" aboard one of Messrs. Green's ships ; but in Plymouth harbour, where his vessel had been driven by stress of weather to seek shelter, he contrived to slip ashore and telegraph to his friends that "a seafaring life did not suit him." The process of settling down, indeed, appears to have been with him a rather difficult one. " A certain waywardness of disposition, and a dislike of staying in one place, or doing anything for any length of time " is his own account of the reason of his playing for so long a time the part of the " rolling stone." At one period we see him haunting St. Mary's Hospital, and " exhibiting a fancy for surgery," at another he is apprenticed to a firm of engineers. Then he is found, with his young wife, as a partner in an extensive sheep farm in the Falkland Islands, where his pastimes were training wild horses, and where he learned " to manipulate the lasso with much dexterity." Twelve months of this life appear to have sufficed ; then he is found engaged in horse breeding at Lexington, Kentucky. Tea planting appears also for awhile to have somewhere engaged his attention ; but he had already made his appearance on the stage, taking part in amateur performances at the Gallery of Illustration, and had also served a short engagement at Birmingham. Up to this time Lewin had been the name by which he was known ; for he was the son of George Herbert Lewin, a barrister, and a grandson of Thomas Lewin, who was private secretary to Warren Hastings, and was connected by family ties with Grote, the historian of Greece. He now, however, took

THE STAGE NAME OF TERRISS,

Armed with which the handsome, athletic-looking young man boldly applied to Mr. Bancroft for an engagement. Sir Squire Bancroft has thus described the interview : " During the previous summer we were constantly told by a maidservant that 'a young gentleman had called' who seemed very persistent about seeing us. One day, on returning from a walk, the girl informed me that 'the young gentleman' had brushed past her and walked into our little drawing-room, where he then was. I joined our visitor rather angrily, but was soon disarmed by the frank manner of a very handsome man, who, within five minutes, in the course of conversation pointed to the window of a house opposite, and said, 'That's the room I was born in.' (We then lived in a little villa in St. John's Wood.) Of course 'the young gentlemen' was stage-struck, and 'wanted to go upon the stage,' adding that 'he was resolved we should give him an engagement.' His courage and, if I may say it, his cool perseverance both amused and amazed me ; the very force of his determined manner conquered me, and the upshot of our interview was that I did engage him. His name was William Terriss, and 'Lord Cloudwrays' in 'Society' was the part in which he made his first appearance on a London stage." It was, of course, at the old Prince of Wales Theatre in Tottenham-street that his début took place, and the fact that he was to appear gathered many of his former colleagues to the first night. They distributed themselves over the house, and the entry of their friend was the signal for such an outburst of enthusiasm as almost amounted to a riot, which, instead of furthering the end they had in view, very nearly caused him to lose the position he had obtained. As was only natural, one of his brothers was present to see how he got on, and After the play they met and strolled homeward together. Conscious of the brilliant success he imagined he had achieved, he was constantly expecting his brother's congratulations, but that gentlemen was silent on the point until Terriss ventured to ask his opinion. He thereupon whispered in his ear, —" Chuck it up, dear boy ; you'll never do."—It was in

THESE EARLY DAYS

of the famous Prince of Wales management in Tottenham-street that he married his young wife, professionally known as Miss Amy Fellowes. The happy couple, it is said, set out for their honeymoon at Richmond " on a bus. " As will have been seen, however, the player's life was not yet definitively adopted. Terriss's part in Robertson's " Society " was a very small one, and the criticism of friends was not encouraging. Many an adventure on sea and ashore was indeed before them ere he definitively adopted the dramatic profession. It was in 1873, when he was just six and twenty, that he obtained an engagement at the Strand, where his performances of Doricourt, in " The Belle's Stratagem," attracted attention. At Drury Lane, where he was next engaged under Mr. Chatterton's management, at what was thought the handsome salary of twelve pounds a week, he gave evidence of a far wider range of power in such parts as Sir Kennath in " Richard Coeur de Lion, " Captain Molyneux in " The Shaugraun, " and Romeo. A far greater performance, however, than any of these was his Squire Thornhill in Mr. Wills's " Olivia " at the Court Theatre (1878). A notable step in his career was his first engagement in 1881 at the Lyceum, where he played Chateau Renaud in " The Lyons Mail," Sinnucan in Lord Tennyson's play, ' The Cup," Iago in " Othello, " Don Pedro in " Much Ado about Nothing, " and numerous other parts including, what was perhaps the most subtle and finished of all his impersonations, Squire Thornhill in the revivals of " Olivia." After seven years' service under the prosperous flag of Sir Henry Irving, Mr. Terriss transferred his services to the Adelphi, and commenced that series of triumphs in romantic dramas which more than all else endeared him to the playgoing public. There is no need, however, to recall the facts of his professional career destined to be so cruelly and suddenly cut short by the hand of a madman, His Dudley Kappells, his touched Gerald Anstins, his Captain Thorne were doubtless with the spirit of melodrama ; but none the less they were impersonations distinguished by great force, picturesqueness, and pathos. Meanwhile his temporary appearance at the Haymarket as the Count de Candale in " A Marriage of Convenience " had served to remind us that he was a still finer actor in comedy parts. In this field, however, he had rivals, whereas in romantic melodrama he was really unapproached. When the terrible news of his tragic end went abroad it was rightly felt that William Terriss had practically left no successor.

THE FRENCH AND THE UPPER NILE.

REPORTED ACTION OF LIEUTENANT HARRINGTON.

NEWS of serious import reaches the Liverpool correspondent of the "Chronicle" from Central Africa, via the Upper Ubanghai and Congo. Major Marchand arrived at Fashoda on January 13, were he intended to remain until the arrival of 18,000 Abyssinians under the Marquis de Bonchamp.

Note that major Marchand's family received a few days ago information dated from the " Banks of the Sueh River " to the effect that on December 1, he was starting up the Sueh river enroute for Abyssinia. The Sueh river is a tributary of the Bahr-el-Gazal. Meshra-er-Rek, which the French advance guard was said to have reached last August, is situated at the junction of the Sueh with the Bahr-el-Gazal. No one can doubt that the words " Banks of the Sueh river " given in the papers were intended to disguise the real spot from which Major Marchand's letters were despatched.

A fortnight ago it was announced on good authority—and denied—that 20,000 Abyssinian troops had arrived on the banks of the White Nile.

The Aden correspondent of the " Daily Mail" learns, "on excellent authority," that Lieutenant Harrington, the British Resident, is hurrying back from the Aoyssinian capital to London to report his negotiations with Menelik regarding the frontier question on the Upper Nile, where British interests are seriously threatened by France.

It is stated that the Negus, in his negotiations with Sir Rennell Rodd, engaged to be neutral until the Anglo-Egyptian forces had reached a line 200 miles south of Khartoum.

The War Office continues its preparations for "smashing" the Khalifa at Khartoum. That serious fighting is expected may be seen from the fact that yesterday forty officers, nearly all surgeons, have been appointed and ordered to proceed at once to Barber.

A MARVELLOUS PROJECTILE.

THE " Figaro " publishes the following from its Madrid correspondent:—" The true reason for the visit paid by the Minister of Marine to Cadiz was that he was anxious to be present at experiments to be conducted in the open sea by Admiral Camara's squadron with a new explosive, which its inventor has styled ' Toxpyre.' This explosive possesses great power, as it sets free an asphyxiating gas. The projectile is a rocket, with a range exceeding that of any projectile from the modern guns. If an ironclad were struck it would at once be destroyed, and if the projectile fell into the water near an ironclad, the latter would be sunic. A few of these rockets are sufficient to destroy a town. The projectile is divided into two parts; one contains forty kilogrammes of the new explosive and the other a specially prepared powder, the gradual combustion of which sets the projectile in motion. The latter's velocity increases as it flies through the air until it reaches its target. Three men are sufficient to work the apparatus, for which room can be found on the smallest boat. "

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH. A few drops of the liquid " Floriline " sprinkled on a tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleans the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. " The Fragrant Floriline," being compounded in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers, Wholesale Depot. 13. 14) 15. Berners Road, London. Stockard

GREAT MEN OF THE CENTURY.

MR. GLADSTONE AND NAPOLEON.

(BY SIR WILFRID LAURIER.)

IN Sir Wilfrid Laurier's very eloquent and interesting speech on the death of Mr. Gladstone he endeavoured to " place " Mr. Gladstone in relation to other great men of his time. He said : This last half century in which we live has produced many able and strong men who, in different walks of life, have attracted the attention of the world at large ; but of the men who have illustrated this age, it seems to me that in the eyes of posterity four will outlive and outshine all others—Mr. Cavour, Lincoln, Bismarck, and Gladstone. If we look simply at the magnitude of the results obtained, compared with the exiguity of the resources at command—if we remember that out of the small kingdom of Sardinia grew United Italy, we must come to the conclusion that Count Cavour was undoubtedly a statesman of marvellous skill and prescience. Abraham Lincoln, unknown to fame when he was elected to the Presidency, exhibited a power for the government of men which has scarcely been surpassed in any age. He saved the American Union, he enfranchised the black race, and for the task he had to perform he was endowed in some respects almost miraculously. No man ever displayed a greater insight into the motives, the complex motives, which shape the public opinion of a free country, and he possessed almost to the degree of an instinct the supreme quality in a statesman of taking the right decision, taking it at the right moment, and expressing it in language of incomparable felicity. Prince Bismark was the embodiment of resolute common sense, unflinching determination, relentless strength, moving onward to his aim, and never letting anything in his way as unconcerned as fate itself. Mr. Gladstone undoubtedly excelled every one of these men. He had in his person a combination of varied powers of the human intellect, marvellous in the case of a single individual. He had the imaginative fancy, the poetic conception of things, in which Count Cavour was deficient. He had the aptitude for business, the financial ability which Lincoln never exhibited. He had the lofty impulses, the generous inspirations which Prince Bismarck always discarded, even if he did not treat them with scorn. He was at once an orator, a statesman, a poet, and a man of business. Mr. Gladstone had an ability, a vigour, a fluency which no man in his age or any age ever rivalled or even approached. That is not all. To his marvellous mental powers he added no less marvellous physical gifts. He had the eye of a god, the voice of a silver bell, and the very fire of his eye, the very music of his voice swept the hearts of men even before they had been dazzled by the torrents of his eloquence.

In another passage Sir Wilfrid Laurier dwelt on Mr. Gladstone's world-wide fame. Since the days of Napoleon, no man has lived whose name has travelled so far and so wide over the surface of the earth; no man has lived whose name alone so deeply moved the hearts of so many millions of men. Whereas Napoleon impressed his tremendous personality upon peoples far and near by the strange fascination which the genius of war has always exercised over the imagination of men in all lands and in all ages, the name of Gladstone had come to be, in the minds of all civilized nations, the living incarnation of right against might—the champion, the dauntless, tireless champion, of the oppressed against the oppressor. It is, I believe, equally true to say that he was the most marvellous moral organization which the world has seen since Napoleon—certainly the most compact, the most active, and the most universal. . . . Injustice, wrong, oppression, acted upon him, as it were, mechanically, and aroused every fibre of his being, and from that moment, to the repairing of the injustice, the undoing of the wrong, and the destruction of the oppression, he gave his mind, his heart, his soul, his whole life with an energy, with an intensity, which was never paralleled in no man unless it be the First Napoleon.

It is interesting to find that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, with true oratorical instinct, ended his speech on the same note that Lord Rosebery struck in the House of Lords—a note not of sadness, but almost of exultation : Now, Sir, he is no more. England is to-day in tears, but fortunate is the nation which has produced such a man. His years are over, but his work has not closed ; his work is still going on. The example which he gave to the world shall live for ever, and the seed which he has sown with such a copious hand shall still germinate and bear fruit under the full light of Heaven.

M. A. P.

T. P., M. P'S., N. P.

THOUGH the combinations of letters printed above have certainly a cryptic appearance, there is really no secret above them. It is no part of M. A. P.'s business to hide its light under a bushel. M. A. P. is merely the name on which " T. P. " has given to his latest journalistic child. His first little one was a " Star " ; his second a " Sun." This is his third. The Heavens were played out—you can't call a paper a Moon—so he christens his third M. A. P. M.—stands for Mainly ; A.—for Always ; P.—for Pars. We need scarcely say that " T. P. M. P." stands for Mr. O'Connor, whilst N. P. is our own little contribution —just to keep the ball rolling, and stands for New Paper. Experts know well the difficulty of getting a good name for a new journal, even after a month or two it really doesn't matter very much. The paper is either dead, or it has become familiar as a household word. Nevertheless, if you *can* hit upon something " chippy," such as the letter " A," P. P. is somewhat good as names go. We can only think of one better, viz, " T. P." For very much " T. P." will be " M.A.P."—which, by the way, is owned by another P., also very well known throughout the length and breadth of London, and which we daresay, among others. There is no word one can think of applicable to " M.A.P." without finding P prominent in it. It is to be P.P., i.e., purely personal ;—" I." cries T.P. as the merest mention of scandal ;—with a pp. note (i.e. ' pianissimo ') ; pithy, that is par-ty ; it will deal only with personalities im-Portant ; T. P.'s staff all have Picturesque Pens, and will include real live Peeresses ; the Price will be the Popular Penny ; the Passions used by the struggle for Pelf will be largely dealt in ; though there will be no Pictures in the accepted sense of the word, the descriptions of men and women who loom large in the Public eye will be Photographic ; though the Paper will have no Politics, M.P.'s will by no means be forgotten ; the Play and the Players will receive every attention ; and, in short, from the first page to the last almost every line will be Personal. Such then, we gather, is the programme of " M.A.P." T.P. gave us the Tip with his own lips.

" That is my faith," said he, seating himself at the Editorial table in the anything but luxurious Editorial chair, the Editorial sanctum of the Monograph chambers. Though the name suggests sweet strains, we heard none out the clicking of the typewriter the hum of voices. What a litter ! What exits and entrances ! What a dust ! Pence for new papers and no picked up unpassed—literally. Enough for a shilling ! cannot but ignorant that the Pekin-Hankau Railway as now being negotiated is not a commercial line, but is controlled by hostile political considerations and is destined to thwart British action in the Yang-tsze Valley.

Reuter's Chifu correspondent telegraphs that the lighting of the entrance to the Gulf of Pe-chi-li is now in Russian hands.

The German election seems to be a very tame affair, but the excellent organisation and consequent success of the Socialists lend some interest to it. In the last Reichstag the Socialists only numbered 45, but, apparently, they will be a much more formidable body in the next. The whole assembly consists of 397 members, of whom 55—omitting the cases in which a second ballot is necessary—have now been returned. Of this number the Socialists are 21, and if they preserve anything like the proportion in the elections which are still to come, the new Reichstag is likely to present the " Arbeiter-Kaiser" with some very interesting problems in government.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.—For health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which Lady Constance Howard writes is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin ; " also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess Clanwilliam, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others Deliciously perfumed. Warning : When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that the name and figure-head of " Albion " are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

THE ENGLISH CHURCH UNION.

LORD HALIFAX'S SPEECH.

THE annual meeting of the English Church Union, which is being held on June 15 at the Church House, under the presidency of Viscount Halifax, is likely to be of more than ordinary interest, owing to the Ritual difficulties. Last night there was festal Evensong at All Saints', Margaret-street, All Saints', Notting Hill, the parish church of West Hackney, and the Church of the Ascension, Lavender Hill ; while this morning there were celebrations of the Holy Communion for the intention of the Union in 1,179 churches—144 being in London—and a high celebration at eleven, with a sermon by the Rev. the Hon. A. F. Algernon Tracy, Vicar of Froome Selwood at St. Matthew's Westminster, in which he claimed the Union as the true Society for Defence, not of the Establishment, however desirable that might be, but of the doctrine and discipline of the Church. They were suffering at having obtained what Dr. Moxley said was the most difficult thing for a man to bear, and they were in danger of being enervated by much that they held dear being popular. They needed courage, hardness, personal religion, and a due proportion of the faith to overcome the ignorance and cowardice of the day.

The subjects appointed for consideration is " The present position of the Ritual question," and the following resolutions will be spoken to by the Dean of Rochester, the Rev. R. A. J. Suckling Canon Gore, Mr. Athelstan Riley, Rev. Arthur Cocks, Rev. Henry Westall, and Sir Edmund Elton, Bart : 1. That this Union is prepared to give all possible support to the lawful authority of the Bishops as Ordinaries in the settlement of liturgical difficulties, humbly considering that, as members of the Catholic Episcopate, they will impose nothing on the consciences of the clergy and laity which is contrary to the teaching and practice of the whole Catholic Church of Christ. 2. That the Union will give legal and financial assistance in the power to incumbents and congregations in all necessary efforts to protect the celebration of the Holy Eucharist and the services of the Church from profanity and sacrilege. 3. That it must not be supposed that members of the Union and other loyal Churchmen, because they have not resorted to prosecutions, disturbances, or brawling in church, do not feel most keenly the omissions and deviations from the Book of Common Prayer and the unauthorised practices which have been allowed to grow up in a Protestant or Latitudinarian direction during the present century, as well as the denial of the services to which they have a right, or that they are not often aggrieved and driven away from their parish churches thereby.

Lord Halifax, in his Presidential speech this afternoon, reviewed the struggle which had been urged during the past few decades in defence of the spiritual rights of the Church of England. He said it could not on her right in all spiritual matters to declare her own judgment, unhindered by the usurpation of courts like the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and her right and obligation to teach the whole Catholic faith as held by the undivided Church before the separation of East and West. He also insisted on her right to her ancient ritual and manner of performing Divine service unaffected by the changes of the sixteenth century. He maintained the authority of the Privy Council and of the courts subject to its jurisdiction in regard to all spiritual matters was dead, and that the obligation of the Church of England, as an integral part of the Western Church, was to teach the whole faith, and not merely such portions of it as might appeal to the prejudices of the hour. Lastly, Lord Halifax insisted on the right of the Church of England, when she reformed her breviary and missal, to continue to recite the Divine office and say or sing Mass in the old accustomed manner.

There was at the present time, said Lord Halifax, no question as to the ceremonial which may be used at the services explicitly enjoyed by the Book of Common Prayer. Lights, vestments, incense, the mixed chalice, and similar matters were quite outside the present controversy. It was quite certain that such things would not be given up.

Lord Halifax concluded his address with a touching tribute to Mr. Gladstone. The unrivalled talents and graces which made Mr. Gladstone what he was were, said the noble President, devoted before all things to the interests of religion. His body was buried in peace, but his name would live evermore as the faithful son of the Church of England.

The usual evening meeting will not be held owing, it is supposed, to the inability of any one to move heated discussion than is confidently anticipated this afternoon. The " Church Review " says : " The thirty-ninth anniversary of the E.C.U., which is being held to-day, promises to be epoch-making. Rarely before in the history of the Union has the Catholic movement been in such a critical condition as at the present juncture. "

A debate is expected to-night in the House of Commons on Mr. Samuel Smith's motion on Ritualism.

THE GERMAN EMBASSY OUTRAGE.

SOME OF TRODD'S PECULIARITIES.

DR. WEBER, Dr. Port, Professor Mackenzie Davidson, Dr. Waterhouse, and Dr. Richardson held a consultation on June 16 and decided not to extract the bullet from Count Arco Valley. It appears the bullet struck the bone and glanced back again to the left, and it is now embedded about 2 1-2 in. deep. It appears when the wound is healed the Count will feel no ill effects, and it will not interfere with his movements in any way. Count Arco had a very good night, and is extremely well to-day.

Documents found on the prisoner favour the theory that the United States and not the German Embassy was the object of his resentment. Colonel John Hay's house is very close to the latter building, and possibly (as the " Daily Mail " asserts) Trodd mistook the double eagle on the door panels for the national emblem of America.

With reference to the advertisement returned to the prisoner by the " Weekly Dispatch," we are able to say that the transaction took place in January last, and that the advertisement was in the nature of a complaint as to ill-treatment which he identified with the Irish question. The advertisement (in one case was addressed : " To the Heads of the Government. Beware ! You are surrounded by Anarchists." He remarked that "all the papers were against him."

There seems to be no doubt that the prisoner is insane at least—a very singular mental condition. The " Morning Leader" says that Todd, or Trodd, has lived in the neighbourhood of Blackfriars and Lambeth for many years, and has worked continuously as a journeyman bootmaker in the City. He is a married man, his wife, who is an actress in a travelling company touring through Europe, does not live with him. All Todd's efforts to trace her proved unavailing and in desperation he has often threatened to murder her if ever he found her. So far as he was much attached to her, and it is thought that her leaving him weighed upon his mind and produced the insanity from which he is suffering. In his lodgings he seemed possessed by a spirit of intense hatred to all foreigners—happily, though he never used most of his animosity more particularly for the Irish-Americans and Germans. The American, he declared, had insulted England ; they were rogues and thieves, and should be wiped off the face of the earth. The Germans were a set of rogues, they were ruining England and should be destroyed or driven from the country. He would detain his landlady for hours telling her about the Fiancee Sham, a nervous, irritable person, who starts at his own shadow, a man utterly used up by years of thrills and incessant excitement, a moody, melancholy jaundiced M.P. who has been pretty nearly everywhere, done everything, been everybody, seen all things, and insterly sick of Vanity Fair. What a mistake ! " T.P. " is as fresh as paint, as gay as a lark, as verdant (you would think) as grass, as full of enthusiasms as a New Woman. What is his secret for this perpetual youth ? This child-like buoyancy ? This profound belief in mankind ? The twinkle in those eyes ? I was going to ask him when a sweetly scented note was brought in to him and he begged to be excused. It was from one of the Duchess contributors to his ladies pages. The " copy " (I could not help noticing) bore the well-known crest of a mushroom. I refer you to article " Boudoir " in the first number of " M. A. P."

No scandal, though. " P.", says " T. P.", and reddens at the very name of it. No scandal, no ill-natured or malignant allusion to anybody or to any class in " M. A. P."—" Daily News."

THE STRIKE IN SOUTH WALES.

BRITISH INTERESTS IN CHINA.

RUSSIAN HOSTILITY IN THE YANG-TSZE VALLEY.

CONSIDERABLE sensation was caused in London on Wednesday (June 15) by the publication in the " Times " of a long telegram from Pekin setting forth the latest phases of Russian activity in the Chinese capital. The Russo-Chinese Bank (says this telegram) is now negotiating for a railway loan on the security of the Pekin-Shan-hai-kwan Railway. If it is accepted, Russia will secure control of the sole railway from the north to Peking, a movement which is strongly supported by Li Hung Chang. China has agreed that Russia can continue the Ching-ting-Tai-yuen-fu Railway south-west to the Yellow River, near Si-ngan-fu, where it would join the great highway to Chinese and Russian Central Asia. China has agreed to employ Russian military instructors exclusively in Shan-si. Since the signature of the Ching-ting-Tai-yuen-fu Railway contract M. Pavloff has notified the Tsung-li-Yamen that the increased Russian interests thereby involved render obligatory the early completion of the Pekin-Hankau Railway. The contract is on the eve of completion. The Belgians will build the line on the terms, modified, of the original Belgian contract. The materials are to be obtained from Belgium exclusively. The French Minister will act as intermediary in securing the loan, which is to remain under foreign control, until redemption. The right obviously exist of transfer to another Power and of establishing preferential rates. France and Belgium will have control of financial matters in the southern portion between the Yang-tsze and the Yellow River, and Russia, through the Russo-Chinese Bank, will have financial control of the northern portion, between Pao-ting fu and the Yellow River, which Russian now authoritatively declare is the new limit of the Russian railway advance southwards. When they are constructed, Russia will have control of all the railways along which it will be possible to move troops for the defence of the capital. The British Government (it is added) cannot but ignorant that the Pekin-Hankau Railway as now being negotiated is not a commercial line, but is controlled by hostile political considerations and is destined to thwart British action in the Yang-tsze Valley.

Reuter's Chifu correspondent telegraphs that the lighting of the entrance to the Gulf of Pe-chi-li is now in Russian hands.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR'S VISIT TO CAIRO

"JUST AFTER THE FALL OF KHARTOUM."

THE London correspondent of the *Matin* confirms the report that the Emperor William will visit Cairo during his journey to the Holy Land. The British Government was informed of his Majesty's intentions some months ago, but it has been kept scrupulously secret up to the present. He will arrive in Cairo in the month of October, just after the expected fall of Khartoum, and this circumstance will considerably add to the interest and importance of the occasion. The correspondent adds that neither the British Government nor the Khedive invited the Emperor, who is making the visit entirely upon his own initiative. " Delisle.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

THE new Maid of Honour to the Queen in succession to Lady Mary Byng, who has recently resigned, is the Hon. Susan Baring, daughter of the first Lord Revelstoke and sister-in-law of the Right Hon. Charles Robert Spencer, who has just become the Liberal candidate for East Herts.

The late Sir John Millais's charming house at 2 Palace Gate was devoted the other day to the summer sale of the Working Ladies' Guild, which was opened by the Duchess of Albany. She was prettily dressed in grey trimmed with white chiffon, and was attended by Sir Robert and Lady Collins. The stalls were

LEA & PERRINS'

OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

SAUCE.

EDWARDS'

HARLENE FOR THE HAIR

THE GREAT HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use. "Harlene" Produces Luxuriant Hair, prevents it falling off and turning Grey. Unequalled for Promoting the Growth of the Beard and Moustache.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

For Curing Weak and Thin Eyelashes, Preserving, Strengthening, and Rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Scurf, Dandruff, etc., also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, it is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts pronounce it to be devoid of any metallic or other injurious ingredients. 1/-, 2/6, and (triple 2/6 size) 4/6 per bottle. May be had from Chemists, Hairdressers and Stores all over the world.

"EDWARDS' HARLENE" CO., 95 & 96, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

Vinolia Soap

Don't use Boiled Soap for the Toilet.

VINOLIA IS A REFINED SOAP.

It keeps the complexion fresh and clear.

No other soap has received such high awards as VINOLIA SOAP.

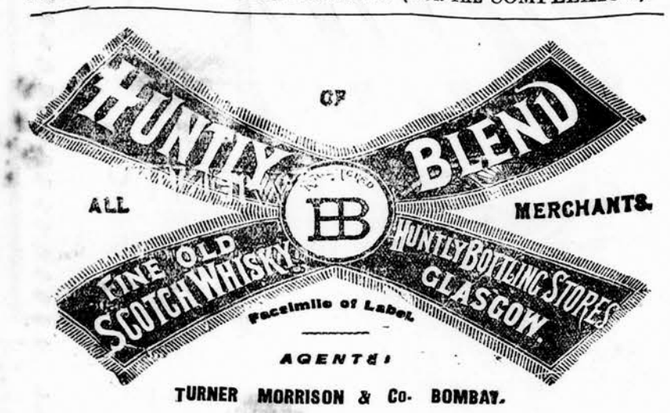
DON'T ECONOMIZE AT THE EXPENSE OF YOUR COMPLEXION.

For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Inching.

Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots.

The Editor, "BABY," reports:—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimple in a few days. It relieves itching at once.

VINOLIA SOAPS.—ALL PRICES, VINOLIA SHAVING STICK AND CAKES AND VINOLIA POWDER (FOR THE COMPLEXION).



A New Era in Cod-Liver Oil Manufacture.

We are indebted to recent scientific researches for the revelation of the no less surprising than important fact, that of all the Cod Liver Oil hitherto produced not a particle has been really pure, even when claimed to be "the purest"; however pure the source, the oil *must* by the present system of manufacture always be contaminated with decomposition products of its own fats, hence the nauseating and "repeating" properties.

With full knowledge of the cause Peter Möller soon found the remedy, and having remodelled his factories in accordance with the requirements of the new discoveries, he has now adopted a new system of manufacture which, for the first time in the history of this invaluable remedy, produces *the* pure oil, very different from other oils: easy to take, easy to digest, and quite free from the tendency to create unpleasant eructations.

THIS NEW OIL IS KNOWN AS

PETER MOLLER'S HYDROXYL-FREE COD LIVER OIL.

The Lancet, June, 8th, 1895:—"It is now known that Cod Liver Oil can be prepared, not only free from objectionable taste, but also *free* from the *tendency* to cause *unpleasant eructations*." This latter very disagreeable property has been removed by MÖLLER'S NEW PROCESS.

The Chemist and Druggist (London), May 1st, 1897:—MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.—"It would be difficult to speak too highly of this oil; the taste marks the advantage of the hydroxyl-free process, one could not tell it to be an oil. The absence of eructation we have again tested and proved."

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD.

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON" They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

MESSRS. R. MATHEWS & COMPANY. CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 20, 1875

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members

Yours obediently,
W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, *Secretary*

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with also that the Corks Capsules and Late are branded with Their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merch[illegible]

MARCKS & Co., Ld., BOMBAY & POONA.

USEFUL NOVELTIES FOR PRESENTS AND PRIZES.

Oak Trays, with strong nickel plated mounts, Rs. 85.

Silver Mounted Cut Glass Toilet Bottles, in various sizes, from Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 18 each.

Silver Mounted leather pull-off Cigar cases, Rs. 18 to Rs. 32.

Tantalus Spirit Stand, 3 pint bottles, Rs. 35.

SMELLING FLASK 8601

Crystal with Enamelled Silver Mount, Rs. 2

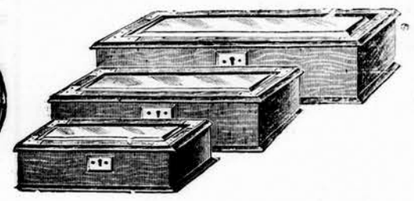
Ladies' Perfume, Jewel, and Brush Case, Polished Oak, and Nickel, Ivorine Brushes, with Drawer, Illustrated, Rs. 80.

Smoker's Companion, Polished Oak and nickel fitted Ash Tray, Rs. 38.

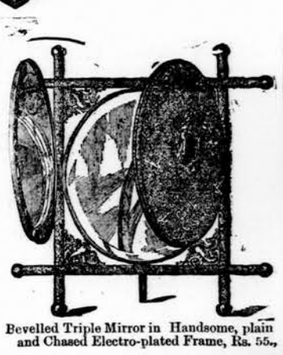
New Registered Jewel, Perfume, and Toilet Cabinet Polished Oak, Nickel Mounts, 4 Silver Mounted Bottles, 2 Silver-back Brushes, Comb, Nail Instruments, and Drawer, for Jewellery, Rs. 200.

Tantalus Perfume Stands, 3 Sizes, Rs. 30, 4 & 65.

Onyx Brush and Mirror Set, Match and Match Holder, Rs. 38.

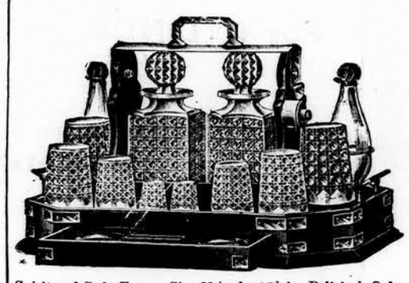


Crystal Top Cigar Boxes. 3 Sizes. Polished Oak, Lined Cedar, Rs. 25, 30 and 35.



Bevelled Triple Mirror in Handsome, plain and Chased Electro-plated Frame, Rs. 55.

Bevelled Mirror, with Nickel Stand, Ebony and Nickel Cloth, and Hair Brushes, Rs 30.



Spirit and Soda Tray. Size 21 in. by 15½ in. Polished Oak and Nickel. Cut Quart Bottles and Glasses, 2 Drawers for Cigars and Cards, &c., Rs. 240.

Revolving Front Liqueur, Cigar and Game Cabinet Combination. Polished Oak and Nickel. Cut Bottles, Rs. 180.

Revolving Front Cabinet of Games, Chess, Draughts Backgammon, Dominoes, Cribbage, Whist, Bezique, Race, &c., Rs. 130.

EVERY TRAVELLING-TRUNK & HOUSEHOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

ought to contain A BOTTLE of

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'

It prevents any over-acid state of the blood. It should be kept in every bedroom in readiness for any emergency. Be careful to avoid rash acidulated salines, and use ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' to prevent the bile becoming too thick and (impure) producing a gummy, viscous, clammy stickiness or adhesiveness in the mucous membrane of the intestinal canal, frequently the pivot of diarrhœa and disease. ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' prevents and removes diarrhœa in the early stages.

WITHOUT SUCH A SIMPLE PRECAUTION

THE JEOPARDY OF LIFE IS IMMENSELY INCREASED.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' is the best and simplest preparation for REGULATING the action of the LIVER that has yet been discovered, and removes effete gouty, rheumatic matter, or any form of poison from the blood. No one should go for a change of air WITHOUT a SUPPLY of THIS INVALUABLE PREPARATION.

FEVERISH COLDS, SCARLET FEVER, SMALL POX, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable disease.—"I have been a nurse for ten years, and have nursed cases of Scarlet Fever, Pyæmia, Erysipelas, Measles, Gangrene, Cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, and this I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' which has kept my BLOOD in a PURE STATE. I recommend it to all my patients during convalescence. ITS VALUE as a MEANS of HEALTH CANNOT be OVER-ESTIMATED."—A PROFESSIONAL NURSE (*Qualified*).

THE VALUE OF ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' CANNOT BE TOLD.

Its success in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australia, and New Zealand proves it.

There is no doubt that where ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED a SERIOUS ILLNESS. Its effect on any DISORDERED and FEVERISH condition is SIMPLY MARVELLOUS. It is in fact NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, and AN UNSURPASSED ONE.

CAUTION.—Examine each bottle, and see the capsule is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' Without it, *you have been imposed on by a WORTHLESS IMITATION.* Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., at the 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries

REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For **thirty years** has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and **only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for** BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The **effect** of this Standard **Phosphoric** Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is **really marvellous.**

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH. STRENGTH. & ENERGY.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "**Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England,**" engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable **testimonials** from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold in Bottles at **4s. 6d.** and **11s.** each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD LONDON. ENGLAND.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878, 1889.

THE ONLY AWARD **JOSEPH GILLOTT'S PENS** AT CHICAGO, 1893.

Of Highest Quality; and Having Greatest Durability, are Therefore CHEAPEST.

Numbers for use by Bankers

Barrel Pens, 225, 226, 262. Slip Pens, 332, 909, 287, 166, 404. In fine, medium, & broad Points.

GOLD MEDAL, Health Exhibition, London.

Benger's Food

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED.

Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

From an Eminent Surgeon:

"After a lengthened experience of Foods, both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."

BENGER'S FOOD is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

An editorial in the INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD, of October 16th, 1897, says:—

"For many years in India, a large number of enterprising firms in England and Europe have been flooding the market with so-called Foods for Infants and Children. It is remarkable to note how one after another these various brands of doubtful virtue have ceased to appear. Time and the public conscience have pronounced their verdict—and to-day we find BENGER almost alone. The admirable combination of the nutritive elements is so perfectly brought about as to render their digestion a matter of pleasant facility for the weakest man or the frailest infant. To-day the medical profession of India finds it cannot do otherwise than stand by a friend who has proved his only criterion to public support, namely REAL WORTH."

Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

BATHGATE & Co. Calcutta.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

MOIR'S Table-Jelly Powder

PATENTED

IN PINT PACKETS.

FLAVOURS – LEMON, ORANGE, VANILLA, RASPBERRY &c &c.

Head Offices – LONDON, E.C.

M&C

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE

IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,

Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES of [illegible] wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvet delightful preparation has no equal. Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Chelt[illegible]

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., [illegible]

BABES

THE BEST DILUENT & DIGESTIVE OF COWS MILK IS BARLEY WATER

Made From

ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY

NOTICES.

Chest Colds

And Bronchitis are simple things when they start. That is the time to stop them. Then it is easy. But neglect is dangerous. Any physician will tell you so.

The way to cure Bronchitis and Chest Colds is to apply [illegible]

LITTLE'S Oriental Balm

Rub it well into the chest and back. It penetrates immediately to the inflamed parts. It stops the pain and drives out the inflammation. The cough, the hoarseness, the tightness across the chest go away. Shivering, feverish flushes and difficult breathing all cease. Expectoration of mucous matter is stopped.

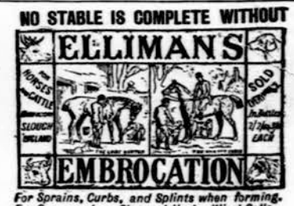
It cures every case where a cure is possible. It often cures when nothing else will. Can anybody afford to be without it in the house all the time?

Sold at 1 R. per Bottle.

Of all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the civilized world.

Agents for Bombay.—KEMP & Co., Ld.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

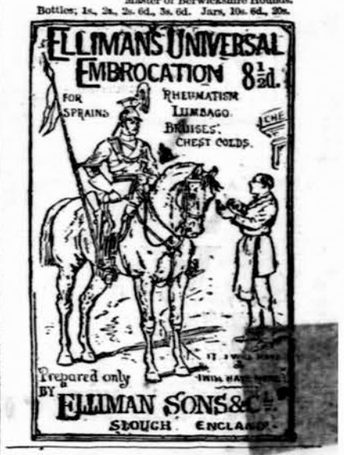


For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts. Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.

Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.

HADDINGTON, Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

Bottles: 1s., 2s., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. Jars, 10s. 6d., 20s.



INVALUABLE AT ALL TIMES—WET OR SHINE.

N & C RAINCOAT

("Ferranus" Proof.

Not merely Shower Proof, but Proof against the Heaviest Rain.

LIGHT IN WEIGHT! SMART IN APPEARANCE! MODERATE IN PRICE!

TEST—A garden Hose turned on to simulate a heavy shower of rain may be played on the cloth for an hour or more without penetrating it.

DURABILITY—The Rain-proof quality is permanent, and will last as long as the garment lasts.

HEALTHINESS—Perspiration will not condense on the inside, as so frequently occurs in opaque Waterproof Garments, and which is a prolific source of Chills, Rheumatism, &c.

HOT CLIMATES—Heat improves the rain-proof quality

To be obtained through all leading Storekeepers, &c., either as coats ready-made, or the material in the piece.

Patterns, prices, and designs on application.

NICHOLSON & Co., Cheetham, Manchester, and at 21, Colden Square, London, W.

Insist on N & C "Ferranus" Proof as Original—and avoid spurious Imitations which lead to disappointment.

ERADICATES SCURF & DANDRUFF

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

ENSURES MAGNIFICENT TRESSES

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

Is a tonic, cleansing, invigorating preparation, causes hair to grow LUXURIANTLY, keeps it soft and pliant, imparts to it the LUSTRE and FRESHNESS OF YOUTH, eradicates dandruff, PREVENTS HAIR FALLING, is THE MOST CLEANLY of hair preparations, PERFECTLY HARMLESS, is particularly cooling and refreshing, and SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR A HOT CLIMATE.

TESTIMONIALS.

MISS ELLEN TERRY, the great actress, writes:—"I have used 'KOKO' for years, and can assure my friends that it stops the hair from falling off, promotes its growth, keeps the head cool and free from dandruff, and is the most pleasant dressing imaginable."

WINDSOR CASTLE, May 9th, 1895. COLONEL E. J. IVEY writes: "Please send me another bottle of 'KOKO.' I can conscientiously state that 'KOKO' has quite performed all you say. I have found it most efficacious. My hair came out more than I liked; since using it scarcely any remains in my brushes. I have strongly recommended it to my friends, and certainly I shall never use any other than 'KOKO.'"

The Princesses BEATRICE, VICTORIA, and MAUD use "KOKO for the Hair" constantly, and there is not a Royal Residence in the Kingdom in which "KOKO" is not a favourite Toilet Requisite.

AUTHORITATIVE ANALYSIS.

"CHEMICAL LABORATORY, 54, Holborn Viaduct, London, January 18th, 1888. I hereby certify that I have submitted to a careful examination and chemical analysis, a sample purchased by myself from the stock of a well-known firm of wholesale druggists, of the preparation known as 'Koko for the Hair.' I have found nothing in this preparation which could be injurious either to the head or hair, and the results of the analysis lead me to pronounce 'Koko for the Hair' a pleasant dressing, which would undoubtedly be advantageous in many cases. I discovered in the preparation no ingredients of the nature of a colouring matter or dye.

"EDWY GODWIN CLAYTON, F.I.C., F.C.S.
"Member of the Society of Public Analysts, &c.

Sold by all Druggists and Stores throughout India.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:

THE KOKO-MARICOPAS CO., LTD., Gray's Inn Road, London, Eng.

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"THE DIAMOND JUBILEE" CIGARETTES.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

Per Box of 50, Re 1-8.

It is with every confidence of still further public support that I have taken the liberty of presenting to my numerous customers a new brand of Cigarettes which, I am sanguine, will meet with merited recognition. The brand is appropriate to the auspicious occasion, and I venture to trust that the unanimous verdict of intending patrons will be favourable, inasmuch as these Cigarettes are manufactured from the **finest quality of Yenidje Turkish Tobacco.**

One trial will ensure permanent orders from those who enjoy a confragrant Cigarette.

D. MACROPOLO,

GENERAL TOBACCONISTS TO H. E. THE VICEROY

BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA

Cheapest for Beef Tea and Kitchen Use.

LIEBIG

COMPANY'S EXTRACT.

Liebig

Always look for the BLUE SIGNATURE. There are many imitations which have not the same flavour and are not so carefully manufactured.

WATSON'S DUNDEE WHISKIES

WE THE BEST OBTAINABLE. THE BEST ON EARTH

AND THE BEST TO DRINK, AS THEY ARE ABSOLUTELY PURE, WELL MATURED AND DISTILLED FROM PURE MALT.

JAMES WATSON & Co LTD. DISTILLERS DUNDEE.

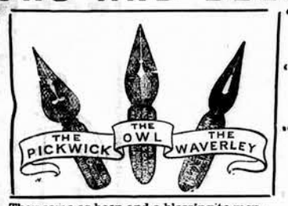
AGENTS: BOMBAY: M. J. RUSTOMJEE & Co. CALCUTTA: MACKENZIE, LYALL & Co. COLOMBO: A. F. SLEEMAN. RANGOON: GARDNER, BROWN & Co.

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS

Recommended by 3007 Newspaper.

They are a Treasure' Standard.

Sole by all Stations.



"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard*

"The Owl Pen is par excellence the Ladies' Pen." *Court Journal*

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value." *Engineer.*

They come as boon and a blessing to men.
The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, LTD. WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

SUPERIOR to **Vaseline** and **Cucumbers**

to VASELINE and CUCUMBERS

CRÈME SIMON marvellous for *softening, whitening* and *perfuming* the complexion. Most efficacious for light affections of the skin.

J. SIMON, 13, rue Grange-Batelière, PARIS

Perfumers, Druggists, and Fancy Goods Stores

FOR DIABETES.

"G.B." FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

DIABETES

FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT. **WHISKY.**

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.

HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.

Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,

BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty-eight Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

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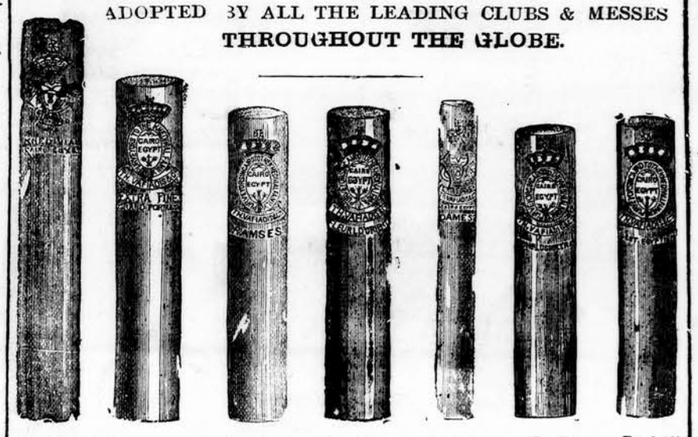

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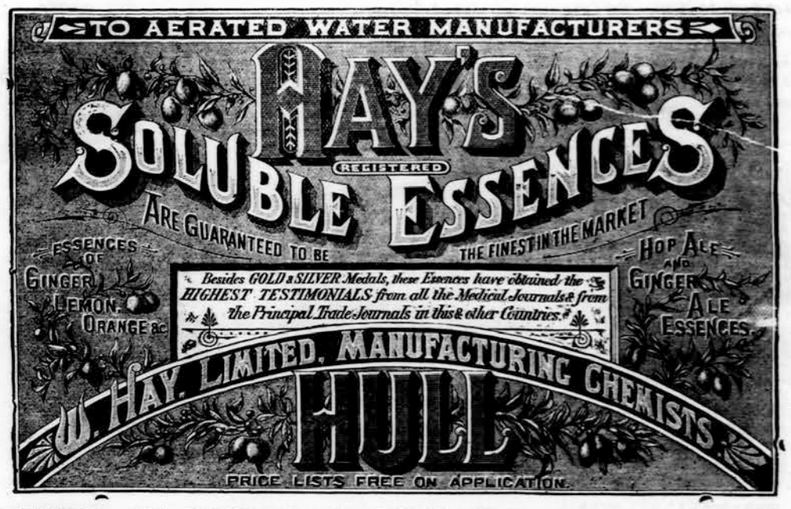
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